

## MONEY WORKSHEET

Q1. Convert the following.

a) ₹ 7 = \_\_\_\_\_ p.

c) ₹ 8 + 60 p = \_\_\_\_\_ p.

b) ₹ 10 + 25 p = \_\_\_\_\_ p.

d) ₹ 770.50 = \_\_\_\_\_ p.

Q2. Add the given notes and coins in each row and write your answer in words and figures.



Answer =




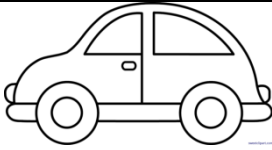


Answer =



Answer =

Q3. Look at the objects given below and write the difference in the cost for each.

Items	Difference in Cost
 ₹ 156	 ₹ 67
 ₹ 41,720	 ₹ 28,385

Q4. Mrs. Rao is shopping for her son's birthday party. There are two shops that sell supplies for parties. Given below are the price lists from both the shops.

“Wanna party” Shop		
Item	Qty.	Price
Streamers	1 roll	₹ 42.00
Balloons	1	₹ 22.50
Caps	1	₹ 30.00
Whistles	1	₹ 12.00
Plates	1	₹ 26.00
Napkins	1 box	₹ 41.75
Spoons	1	₹ 13.00

“Party in a box” Shop		
Item	Qty.	Price
Streamers	1 roll	₹ 15.00
Balloons	1	₹ 12.00
Caps	1	₹ 100.00
Whistles	1	₹ 32.50
Plates	1	₹ 35.00
Napkins	1 box	₹ 63.50
Spoons	1	₹ 12.50



Find the price of each item she needs and then fill in the price of the quantity she needs at both the shops. Shade the box that gives her a better value.

Item	Qty. needed	Cost at “Party in a box” shop		Cost at “Wanna Party” shop	
		Cost of One	Total Cost	Cost of One	Total Cost
Streamers	8 rolls				
Balloons	50				
Caps	60				
Whistles	25				
Plates	75				
Napkins	5 boxes				
Spoons	85				

Q5. Tick the correct option.

- If 500g of oranges cost ₹ 40, what is the cost of 2kg of oranges?

a) ₹ 60

b) ₹ 80

c) ₹ 160

d) ₹ 100

ii. The number of ₹ 20 notes in exchange of ₹ 1000 note is –

a) 50

b) 40

c) 20

d) 25

Q6. Express ₹ 100 as the sum of amounts of 10 notes except a ₹ 10 note.

---

Q7.



Fill in the blanks:-



1 Rupee= \_\_\_\_\_ paise.



\_\_\_\_\_ 25 paise coins make 1 Rupee.



We separate paise from rupees by putting a \_\_\_\_\_ between them.



\_\_\_\_\_ p=  $\frac{1}{2}$  of Re 1.

P stands for \_\_\_\_\_ and Re stands for \_\_\_\_\_.