

DPP Daily Practice Problem <b>Physics</b>	<b>Topic : Mathematical Tools</b> DPP No. 4	Time : 30 min. Total Marks : 48 Max.	
<b>Type of Questions</b>			
<b>Single choice Objective ('-1' negative marking) Q. 1 to Q. 11</b>			
<b>Subjective Questions ('-1' negative marking) Q. 12</b>			
<b>Q 1)</b> If $f(x) = 3x + 4x^2 - 2$ , then value of $f(-1)$ is			
A) 1	B) -1		
C) 2	D) 5		
<b>Q 2)</b> If $f(x) = \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x$ , Then find $f(\pi/12)$			
A) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	B) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$		
C) $\frac{1}{2}$	D) $-\frac{1}{2}$		
<b>Q 3)</b> If $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{\frac{x}{1-x}}$ , Find the value of $f(x) + f(-x)$ is			
A) $2(1+x^2)$	B) $2 \frac{(1-x^2)}{(1+x^2)}$		
C) $2 \frac{(1+x^2)}{(1-x^2)}$	D) $\frac{(1+x^2)}{(1-x^2)}$		
<b>Q 4)</b> $f(x) = \tan x$ then the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$			
A) 2	B) 3		
C) 1	D) None of these		
<b>Q 5)</b> If $g(x) = e^{2x} + e^x - 1$ and $h(x) = 3x^2 - 1$ , the value of $g(h(0))$ is :			
A) $\frac{1}{e^2} + e - 1$	B) $\frac{1}{e^2} + \frac{1}{e} - 1$		
C) $e^2 + e - 1$	D) $\frac{1}{e^2} + \frac{1}{e}$		
<b>Q 6)</b> If $f(x) = \sin^3 x - \cos(2x)$ , then the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ is -			
A) 2	B) 0		
C) -2	D) 1		
<b>Q 7)</b> If $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = \sin(2x)$ ; the value of $g(f(\sqrt{y}))$ =			
A) $\sin y$	B) $\sin 2y$		
C) $\sin 2\sqrt{y}$	D) $\sin^2(2y)$		
<b>Q 8)</b> If $f(x) = \sin x + \cos x$ , then $\frac{f(x)+f(-x)}{f(x)-f(-x)}$			
A) $\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$	B) $\cot x$	C) $\tan x$	D) $\frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x}$
<b>Q 9)</b> If $f(x) = x + 1$ ; $g(z) = z^2$ ; $h(y) = 3y$ , The value of $f(h(g(a)))$ is :			
A) $(3a+1)^2$	B) $3a^2 + 1$	C) $3(a^2 + 1)$	D) $3a^2$
<b>Q 10)</b> If $f(x) = \frac{x^3-1}{x^2+1}$ , then the value of $f(f(1))$ is			
(i) 2	(ii) -2	(iii) 1	(iv) -1
<b>Q 11)</b> If $f(x) = 5x - 5$ , $g(x) = \sin^3 x + 2\cos^3 x$ The value of $f(g(f(1)))$ is			
A) 5	B) 0	C) 10	D) -5
<b>Q 12)</b> If $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1}$ , Find the value of			
A) $f(1)$	B) $f(0)$		
C) $f(f(1))$	D) $f(2)$		