

① $\int_{x=0}^1 \int_{y=0}^x e^{\frac{y}{x}} dx dy$

$= \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^x e^{\frac{y}{x}} dy \right) dx$

$= \int_0^1 \left[e^{\frac{y}{x}} \div \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} \right]_0^x dx$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} \otimes = \frac{1}{x} \frac{dy}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{x} \implies \int_0^x e^{\frac{y}{x}} dx = e^x$

$= \int_0^1 \left[e^{\frac{y}{x}} \div \frac{1}{x} \right]_0^x dx$

$= \int_0^1 \left[\frac{e^{\frac{y}{x}}}{\frac{1}{x}} \right]_0^x dx$

$= \int_0^1 \left[x e^{\frac{y}{x}} \right]_0^x dx$

$= \int_0^1 \left[x e^{\frac{x}{x}} - x \right] dx$

$= \int_0^1 (ex - x) dx$

Definite Integration

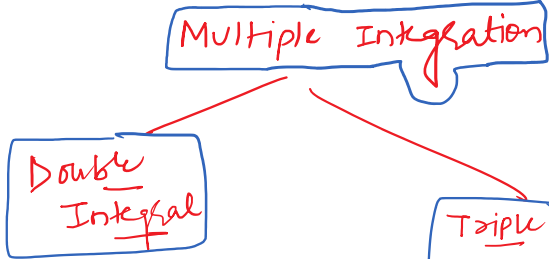
$= \int_0^1 (ex - x) dx$

$= \left[\frac{ex^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^1$

$= \left\{ \frac{e(1)^2}{2} - \frac{1^2}{2} \right\} - \left\{ \frac{e(0)^2}{2} - \frac{0^2}{2} \right\}$

$= \frac{e}{2} - \frac{1}{2} - 0$

$= \frac{e-1}{2}$ Ans.



↓
Surface
Integration

↓
Volume Integration

$\frac{d}{dx} [e^{3x}] = 3e^{3x}$

$\int e^{3x} dx = \frac{e^{3x}}{3}$

- ① $\int \frac{1}{x^2+a^2} dx$
- ② $\int \frac{1}{x^2-a^2} dx$
- ③ $\int \frac{1}{a^2-x^2} dx$
- ④ $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+a^2}}$
- ⑤ $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-a^2}}$
- ⑥ $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}}$
- ⑦ $\int \sqrt{x^2+a^2}$
- ⑧ $\int \sqrt{x^2-a^2}$
- ⑨ $\int \sqrt{a^2-x^2}$

CBSE
Book

Q. $\int_0^2 \int_0^x e^{\frac{y}{x}} dx dy$

Q. $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{ay}} xy dx dy$

$\int_{x=0}^1 x dx = \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^1 = \frac{1^2}{2} - 0$

Triple Integration

Q. $\int_0^3 \int_0^2 \int_{x=0}^{x=1} (x+y+z) dx dy dz$

$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 0, \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 0$

Sol. $\int_0^3 \int_0^2 [x^2 + yx + zx]_0^1 dy dz = \int_0^3 (3 + 2z) dz$

H.W

$$\text{Sol.} \rightarrow \int_0^3 \int_0^2 \left[\frac{x^2}{2} + yx + \frac{z^2}{2} \right] dy dz \quad \left| \quad \int_0^3 (3+2z) dz \right.$$

$$\int_0^3 \left[\int_0^2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + y + z \right) dy \right] dz$$

$$\int_0^3 \left[\frac{y}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} + yz \right]_0^2 dz$$

$$= \left[3z + \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_0^3$$

$$= 9 + 9$$

$$= 18$$

H.W

① $\int_{y=0}^1 \int_{x=y^2}^1 \int_{z=0}^{1-x} x dz dx$

② $\int_0^9 \int_0^x \int_0^{x+y} e^{x+y+z} dx dy dz$

$$\int_0^3 (3+2z) dz$$

$$= \left[3z + \frac{z^2}{2} \right]_0^3 = 9 + 9 = 18$$

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b f(t) dt$$

Q: $\int_0^9 \int_0^{\sqrt{ay}} xy dx dy$

Sol. $\rightarrow \int_0^9 \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{ay}} xy dx \right) dy$

$$\int_0^a \left[y \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\sqrt{ay}} dy$$

$$\int_0^a y \frac{(\sqrt{ay})^2}{2} dy$$

$$\int_0^a \frac{y \times a \times y}{2} dy$$

$$\int 3x dx = 3 \int x dx = 3 \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

$$= \frac{a}{2} \int_0^a y^2 dy$$

$$= \frac{a}{2} \times \left[\frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^a$$

$$= \frac{a}{2} \times \frac{a^3}{3}$$

$$= \frac{a^4}{6} \text{ Ans.}$$

Q: $\int_0^2 \int_{y=0}^{y=x^2} e^{y/x} dx dy \quad \left| \quad = \int_0^2 x e^x dx \quad - \int_0^2 x dx \right.$

ILATE

dy

z

\rightarrow

\curvearrowright

$\int_0^2 \left(\int_0^{x^2} e^{\frac{y}{x}} dy \right) dx$
 $\int_0^2 \left[x e^{\frac{y}{x}} \right]_{y=0}^{y=x^2} dx$
 $\int_0^2 \left(x e^{\frac{x^2}{x}} - x e^{\frac{0}{x}} \right) dx$
 $\int_0^2 (x e^x - x) dx$

$= \int_0^2 \left[x \int_0^{x^2} e^{\frac{y}{x}} dy \right] dx$
 $= \left[x \int e^x dx - \int \left(\frac{dx}{dx} \int e^x dx \right) dx \right]_0^2 - \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^2$
 $= \left[x e^x - \int e^x dx \right]_0^2 - \frac{x^2}{2} + 0$
 $= \left[x e^x - e^x \right]_0^2 - 2$
 $= \underline{2e^2 - e^2 - 0 + e^0} - 2$
 $= e^2 + 1 - 2$
 $= e^2 - 1$
Ans

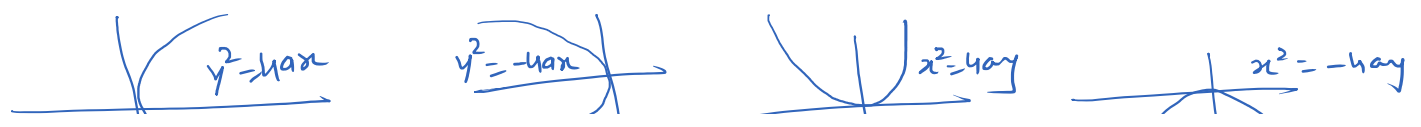
ILAIC
 $\int I \cdot II dx = I \int II dx - \int \left(\frac{dI}{dx} \int II dx \right) dx$

Change of order of Integration

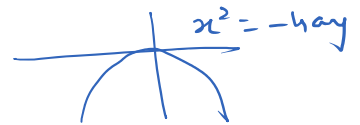
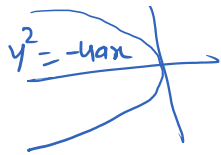
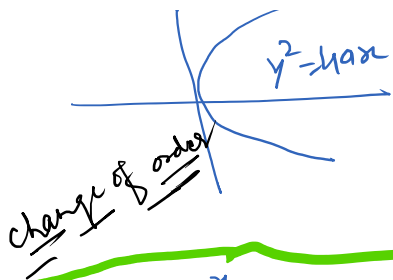
$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dx \, dy$

$\int_0^1 \left(\int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \right) dx$
 $\int_0^1 \left[x \frac{y^2}{2} \right]_{y=x^2}^{y=2-x} dx$
 $\int_0^1 \left[\frac{x(2-x)^2}{2} - \frac{x(x^2)^2}{2} \right] dx$
 $\int_0^1 \frac{x(4+x^2-4x) - x^5}{2} dx$

$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (4x + x^3 - 4x^2 - x^5) dx$
 $\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{4x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{x^6}{6} \right]_0^1$
 $\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{4^2}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \right]$
 $\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{24 + 3 - 16 - 2}{12} \right]$
 $\frac{1 \times 9}{2 \times 4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$



x



$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dx \, dy$$

region OAC

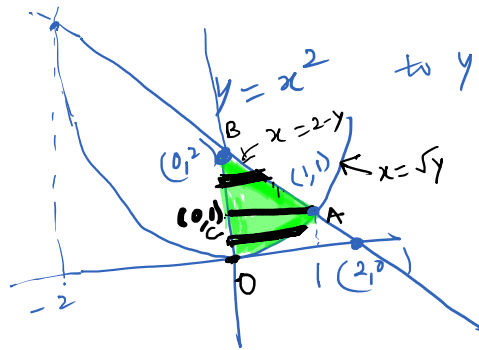
$$x=0 \text{ to } x=\sqrt{y}$$

$$y=0 \text{ to } y=1$$

region ABC

$$x=0 \text{ to } x=2-y$$

$$y=1 \text{ to } y=2$$



$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{0}{2} = \frac{2}{0}$$

$$x^2 = 2 - x$$

$$x^2 + x - 2 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 2x - x - 2 = 0$$

$$x(x+2) - 1(x+2) = 0$$

$$(x+2)(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = -2 \text{ \& } x = 1$$

$$A_{\text{area}} = \int_0^1 \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{y}} xy \, dx \right) dy + \int_1^2 \left(\int_0^{2-y} xy \, dx \right) dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 \left[y \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{\sqrt{y}} dy + \int_1^2 \left[y \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{2-y} dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 y \left(\frac{\sqrt{y}}{2} \right)^2 dy + \int_1^2 y \frac{(2-y)^2}{2} dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{2} dy + \int_1^2 \frac{y(4+y^2-4y)}{2} dy$$

$$= \left[\frac{y^3}{6} \right]_0^1 + \frac{1}{2} \int_1^2 (4y + y^3 - 4y^2) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{4y^2}{2} + \frac{y^4}{4} - \frac{4y^3}{3} \right]_1^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \left[2(2)^2 + \frac{2^4}{4} - 4 \frac{(2)^3}{3} - \frac{4}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \left[(8) + (4) - \frac{32}{3} - 2 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{10}{1} - \frac{28}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{5}{1} - \frac{14}{3} - \frac{1}{8}$$

$$= \frac{4 + 120 - 112 - 3}{24}$$

$$= \frac{9}{24} = \frac{3}{8}$$

H.W. 1) $\int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{xy} \, dx \, dy$

2) $\int_0^1 \int_y^1 e^{x^2} \, dx \, dy$

-1

y