

from-KD

SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

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→ S₁ and S₂ P.V.

S₁ = Subject 1

S₂ = Subject 2

→ if S₁ & S₂ is same person then S.V.

Slow & steady wins the race.

→ two uncountable noun with different Sub. use P.V.

→ Poverty & misery come together.

These words takes just subject for verb.
as well as, with, along with, together with,
and not, in addition to, but, besides,
except, rather than, accompanied by,
like, unlike, no less than, nothing but

ex. my father unlike my uncles is
very strict.

Ram as well as his parents is
coming

If article is used with every subject
then, it refers to different people.

ex. → The director and the producer
have come.

Nearest Subject

→ neither - nor → not only - but also
→ either - or → nor, or [none-but]

default plural noun:- But singular in ^{in P.O.} _{-S.V.}

diseases:- measles, mumps, Rickets, Shingles etc.

Games:- Billiards, Darts, Draughts etc.

Countries:- The United states,
The West Indies.

Books:- The Arabian nights, Three musketeers.

Subj:- Physics, Economics, civics, & statistics,
Politics, Linguistics.

Political is not my cup of tea.

Note:- If statistics means 'data'

Mathematics " 'Calculations'

Politics " 'Political Thoughts'

Then plural verb is used.

The quality of apples is good

He and not his parents is guilty

→ Verb according to main subject
not the nearest.

collective noun always take singular verb.

- The herd of cows is grazing in the field.
- The committee has unanimously taken its decision.

If members of collective noun is divided then plural verb & plural pronoun are used.

- The jury are divided in their opinion.
- The audience have taken their seats.

→ plural number used as a Unit.

- Five thousand rupees is a hand - some amount.
- Five thousand rupees have been spent on different useful commodities.

→ Subject + verb are joined by a relative pronoun. #

She is one of the noblest women that have ever lived on this earth.

→ I am not one of those who will trust everyone whom they meet.

each, everyone, every, someone, somebody, Nobody, None, one, Any, many a, more than, one
→ Singular verb, Singular noun, Singular pronoun.

Ex. one must tolerate one's friend
as well as one's enemy

many a student has not done his
home work.

many a man has come.

many men have come

If 'of' is used after each, every, one etc. that noun or pronoun that comes immediately after 'of' will be plural in form. Verb, pronoun, ADJ. in latter part will be singular.

one of the Boys/ them has done his
work.

→ We each have a duty towards
our nation. [each is used after
plural noun or pronoun, Plural
verb]

Optative Sentences, Singular Subject
takes plural verb. :-

A number of
A large number of
A great number of

} Plural
+ Countable + were
Noun

The number of boys is

Uncountable Noun :-

Amount of / Quality of

+
UN (MONEY) is not sufficient.