
Apache
maven

Introduction

- What is Maven?

"Maven is a project management tool which encompasses a project object model, a set of standards, a project lifecycle, a dependency management system, and logic for executing plugin goals at defined phases in a lifecycle"

- Maven provides superset of features found in a build tool
- Maven *manages project build, reporting, and documentation from a central piece of information*

Objectives and Characteristics of MAVEN

- Maven is more than just Build Tool
- Maven was built considering certain objectives
- Maven Provides:
  - Easy Build Process
  - Uniform Build System
  - Quality Project Information
  - Guidelines for Best Practices Development
- Achieved Characteristics:
  - Visibility
  - Reusability
  - Maintainability
  - Comprehensibility “Accumulator of Knowledge”

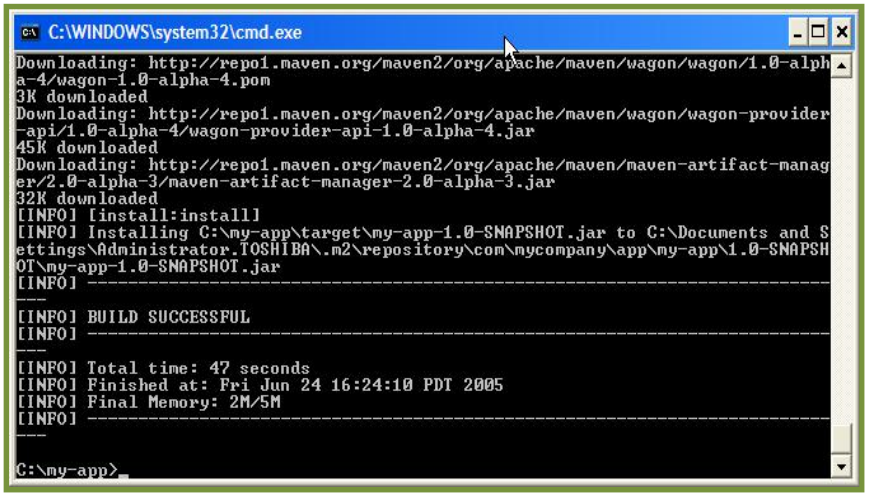
Comparison with ANT

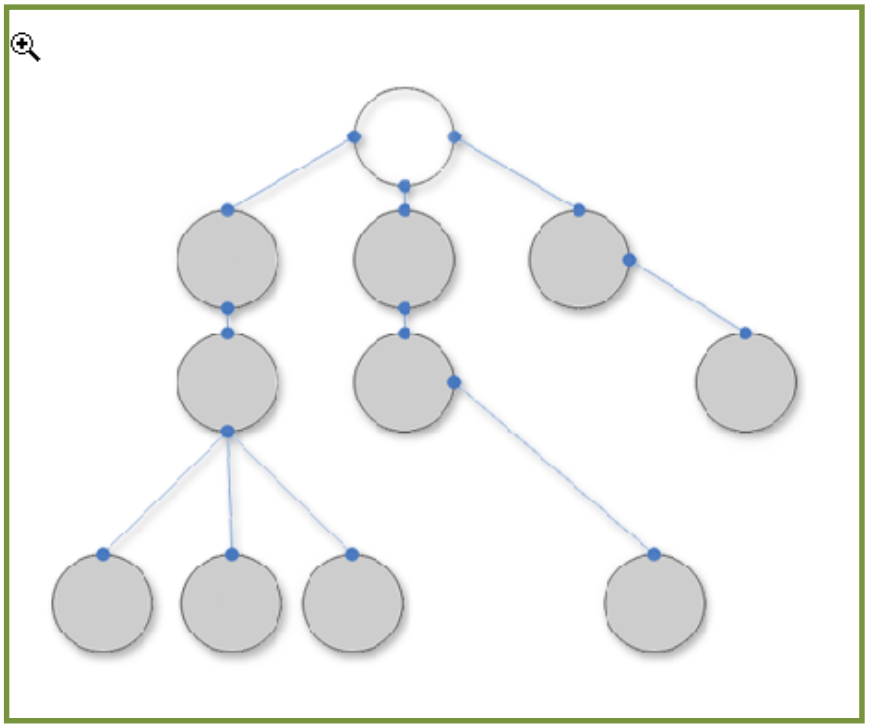
1. One level above ANT
2. Higher level of reusability between builds
3. Faster turn around time to set up a powerful build
4. Project website generation
5. Less maintenance
6. Greater momentum
7. Repository management
8. Automatic downloads

ANT	MAVEN
Target	Goal
build.xml	pom.xml

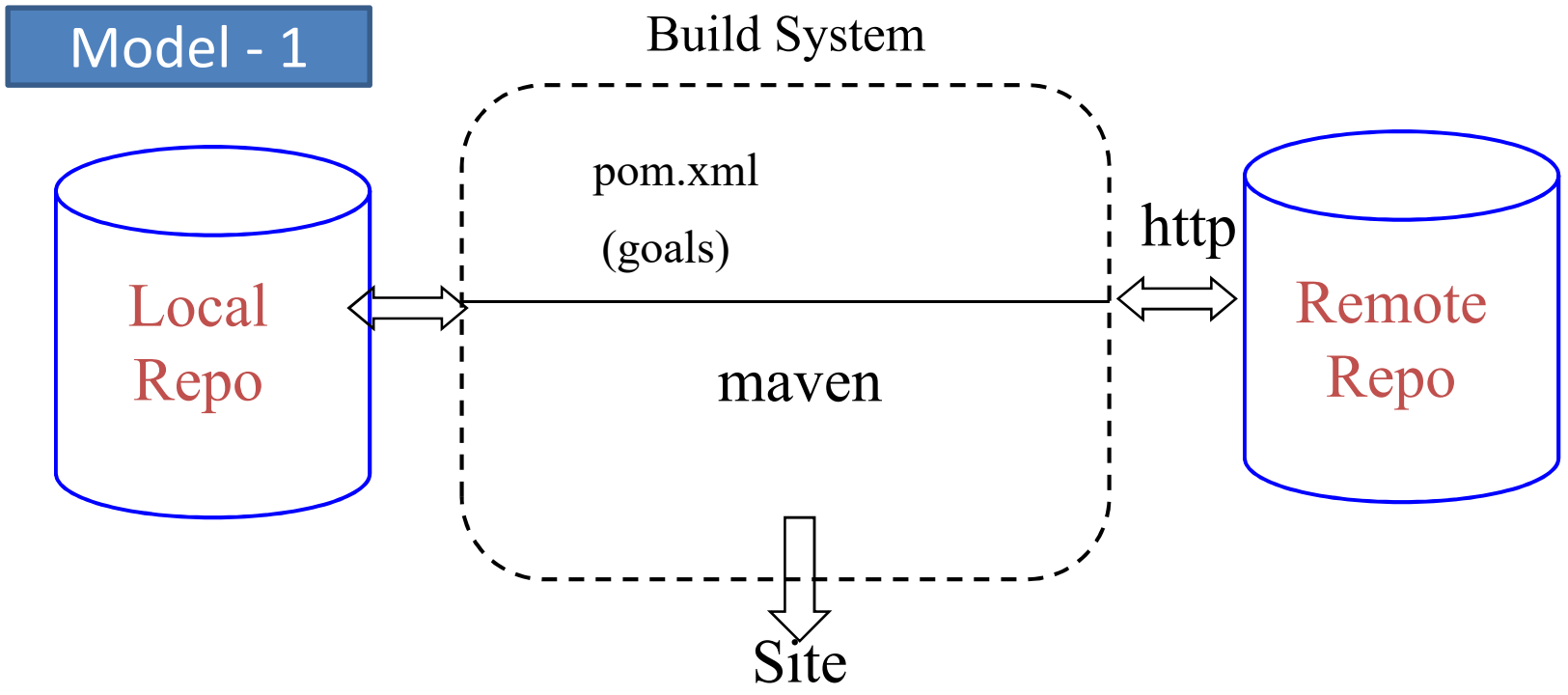
Main Features of MAVEN

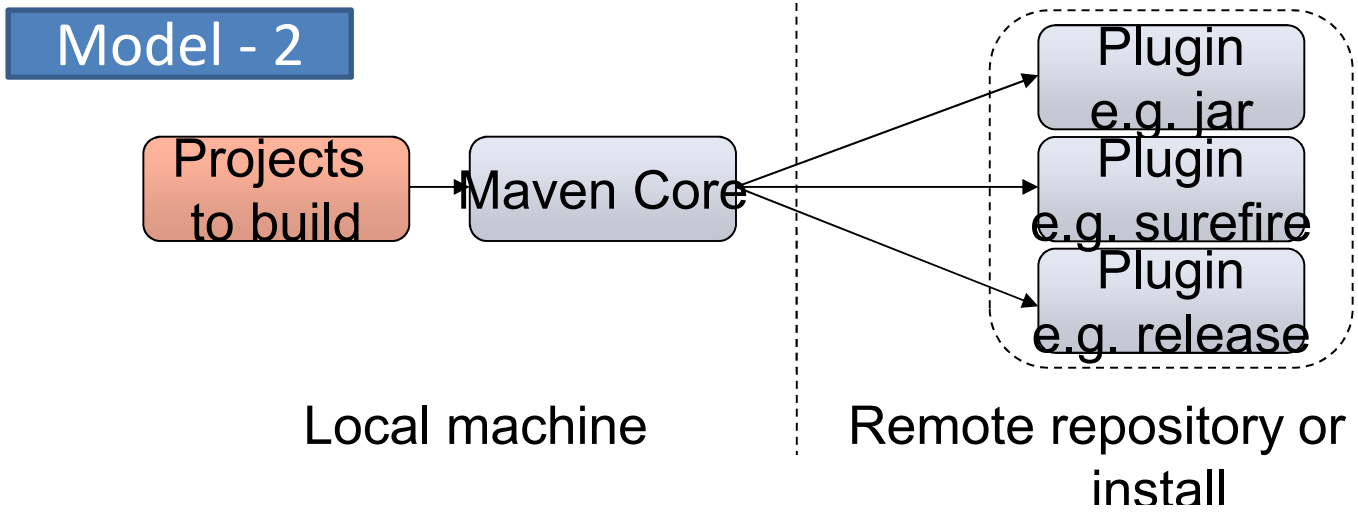
- Build-Tool
- Dependency Management Tool
- Documentation Tool





Overview of Simple Architecture





Other Java Build Tools

- Ant (2000)
  - Granddaddy of Java Build Tools
  - Scripting in XML
  - Very flexible
- Ant+Ivy (2004)
  - Ant but with Dependency Management
- Gradle (2008)
  - Attempt to combine Maven structure with Groovy Scripting
  - Easily extensible
  - Immature

Maven Build Lifecycle

- A Maven build follow a lifecycle
- Default lifecycle
  - generate-sources/generate-resources
  - compile
  - test
  - package
  - integration-test (pre and post)
  - Install
  - deploy
- There is also a Clean, Site lifecycle

Example Maven Goals

- To invoke a Maven build you set a lifecycle “goal”
- mvn install
  - Invokes generate* and compile, test, package, integration-test, install
- mvn clean
  - Invokes just clean
- mvn clean compile
  - Clean old builds and execute generate*, compile
- mvn compile install
  - Invokes generate*, compile, test, integration-test, package, install
- mvn test clean
  - Invokes generate*, compile, test then cleans

Project Name (GAV)

- Maven uniquely identifies a project using:
  - groupID: Arbitrary project grouping identifier (no spaces or colons)
    - Usually loosely based on Java package
  - artfiactId: Arbitrary name of project (no spaces or colons)
  - version: Version of project
    - Format {Major}.{Minor}.{Maintenance}
    - Add '-SNAPSHOT ' to identify in development
- GAV Syntax: groupId:artifactId:version
- Build type identified using the "packaging" element
- Tells Maven how to build the project
- Example packaging types:
  - pom, jar, war, ear, custom
  - Default is jar

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<project>
    <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
    <artifactId>maven-training</artifactId>
    <groupId>org.lds.training</groupId>
    <version>1.0</version>
    <packaging>jar</packaging>
</project>
```

Maven Environment Setup

JAVA_HOME

M2_HOME

M2

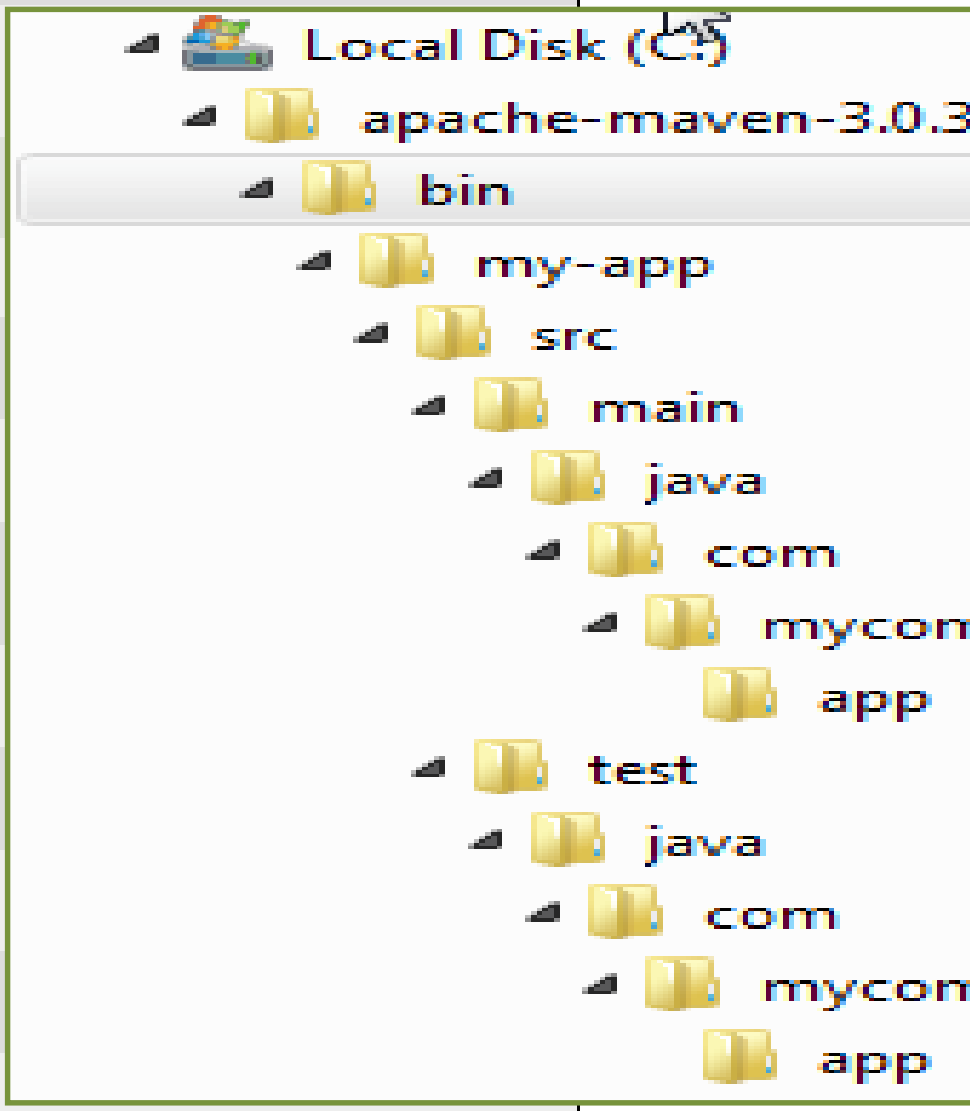
MAVEN_OPTS = *-Xms256m -Xmx512m*

PATH=%PATH%;%M2%

```
mvn archetype:generate
```

Standard Directory Layout

src/main/java	Application/Library sources
src/main/resources	Application/Library resources
src/main/filters	Resource filter files
src/main/assembly	Assembly descriptors
src/main/config	Configuration files
src/main/scripts	Application/Library scripts
src/main/webapp	Web application sources
src/test/java	Test sources
src/test/resources	Test resources
src/test/filters	Test resource filter files
src/site	Site
LICENSE.txt	Project's license
NOTICE.txt	Notices and attributions required by libraries that the project depends on
README.txt	Project's readme



POM

- What is POM?

  POM Stands for Project Object Model

  As a fundamental unit of work in Maven, POM is an XML file that contains information about project and configuration details used by Maven to build the project"
- Describes a project
  - Name and Version
  - Artifact Type
  - Source Code Locations
  - Dependencies
  - Plugins
  - Profiles (Alternate build configurations)
- Uses XML by Default
  - Not the way Ant uses XML

Maven Repositories

- Dependencies are downloaded from repositories
  - Via http
- Downloaded dependencies are cached in a local repository
  - Usually found in ${user.home}/.m2/repository
- Repository follows a simple directory structure
  - {groupId}/{artifactId}/{version}/{artifactId}-{version}.jar
  - groupId '.' is replaced with '/'
- Maven Central is primary community repo
  - http://repo1.maven.org/maven2

Proxy Repositories

- Proxy Repositories are useful:
  - Organizationally cache artifacts
  - Allow organization some control over dependencies
  - Combines repositories
- Many uses the Nexus repository manager
- All artifacts in Nexus go through approval process
  - License verified
  - Improve organizational reuse

Project Creation in MAVEN

```
mvn archetype:generate
-DgroupId = com.mycompany.app
-DartifactId = my-app
-DarchetypeArtifactId = maven-archetype-quickstart
-DinteractiveMode = false
```

Project Object Model (POM)

- Metadata: Location of Directories, Developers/Contributors, Dependencies, Repositories
- Dependencies (Transitive Dependencies), Inheritance, and Aggregation
- Key Elements
  - Project
  - Model Version
  - Group ID
  - Packaging
  - Artifact ID
  - Version
  - Name
  - URL
  - Description

Maven Plugin management

- Maven is actually a plugin execution framework where every task is actually done by plugins
- A plugin generally provides a set of goals and which can be executed using following syntax:

  % mvn [plugin-name]:[goal-name]

  % mvn compiler:compiler

Plugin Types

Build plugins : They execute during the build and should be configured in the <build/> element of pom.xml

Reporting plugins : They execute during the site generation and they should be configured in the <reporting/> element of the pom.xml

- Plugins are specified in pom.xml using plugins element.
- Each plugin can have multiple goals.
- You can define phase from where plugin should starts its processing using its phase element. You can configure tasks to be executed by binding them to goals of plugin.
- That's it, Maven will handle the rest. It will download the plugin if not available in local repository

Example 1

```
<project>
  <build>
        <plugins>
          <plugin>
             <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
             <artifactId>maven-antrun-plugin</artifactId>
             <version>1.1</version>
             <executions>
               <execution>
                   <id>id.clean</id>
                   <phase>clean</phase>
                   <goals>
                   <goal>run</goal>
                   </goals>
                   <configuration>
                   <tasks>
                      <echo>clean phase</echo>
                   </tasks>
                   </configuration>
              </execution>
            </executions>
         </plugin>
       </plugins>
    </build>
 </project>
```

Example 2

```
<plugin>
    <groupId>org.codehaus.mojo</groupId>
    <artifactId>exec-maven-plugin</artifactId>
    <version>1.2.1</version>
    <configuration>
        <executable>git</executable>
        <arguments>
            <argument>--version</argument>
        </arguments>
    </configuration>
</plugin>
```

mvn exec:exec

Maven SNAPSHOTS

- A large software application generally consists of multiple modules and it is common scenario where multiple

teams are working on different modules of same application

- For ex Demo2 team uses Demo.jar
- Now if Demo team builds a new jar
  - Demo should inform everytime when they release an updated code
  - Demo2 have to update their pom.xml to get the latest Demo.jar

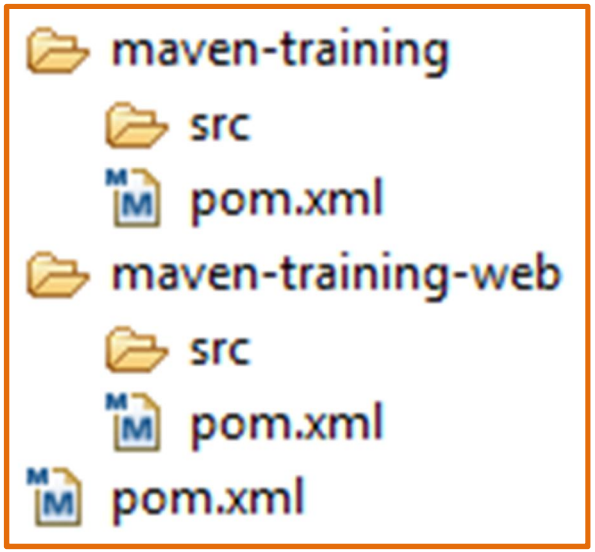
What is SNAPSHOT?

SNAPSHOT is a special version that indicates a current development copy. Unlike regular versions, Maven checks for a new SNAPSHOT version in a remote repository for every build.

Multi Module Projects

- Maven has 1st class multi-module support
- Each maven project creates 1 primary artifact
- A parent pom is used to group modules

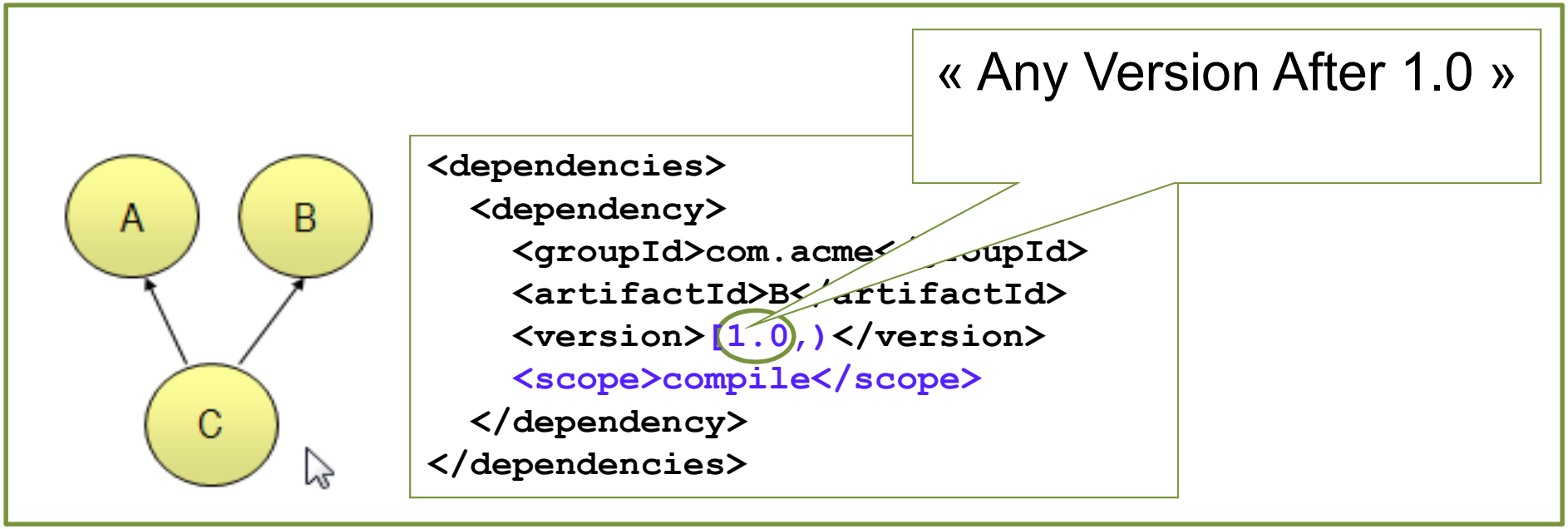
```
<project>
  <groupId>EBU</groupId>
  <artifactId>Parent-module</artifactId>
  <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
  <packaging>pom</packaging>
    <modules>
        <module>Child-jar</module>
        <module>child-war</module>
    </modules>
</project>
```

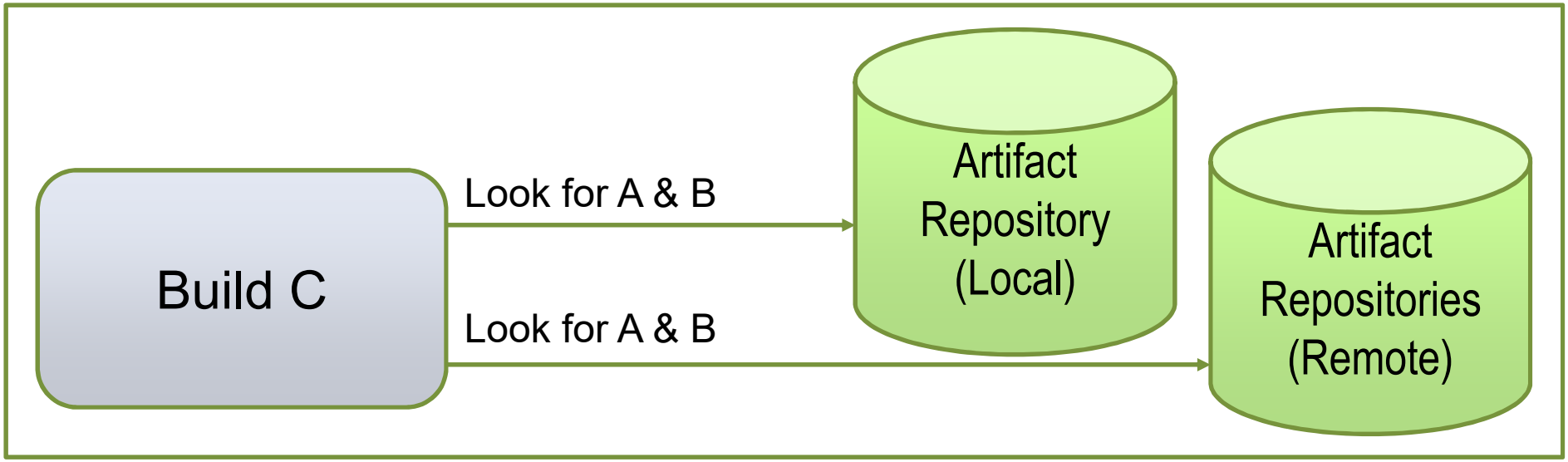


Multi Modules ..

```
<project>
…
<parent>
   <groupId>EBU</groupId>
   <artifactId>Parent-module</artifactId>
   <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
</parent>
<groupId>EBU</groupId>
<artifactId>child-jar</artifactId>
<version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
<packaging>jar</packaging>
…
</project>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------
<project>
…
<parent>
   <groupId>EBU</groupId>
   <artifactId>Parent-module</artifactId>
   <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
</parent>
<groupId>EBU</groupId>
<artifactId>child-war</artifactId>
<version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
<packaging>jar</packaging>
…
</project>
```

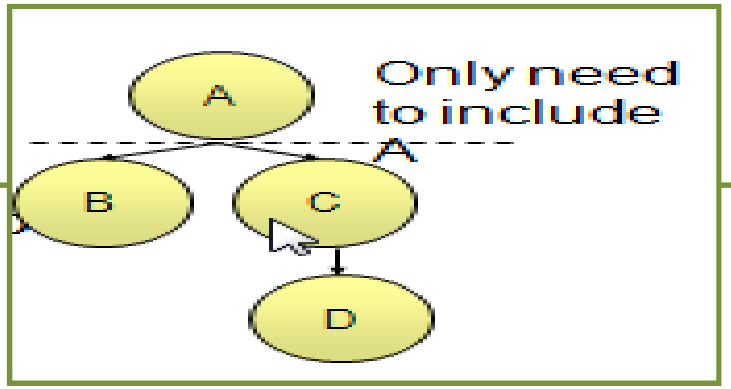
Dependency Management





Transitive Dependencies

- Transitive Dependency Definition:
  - A dependency that should be included when declaring project itself is a dependency
- ProjectA depends on ProjectB
- If ProjectC depends on ProjectA then ProjectB is automatically included
- Only compile and runtime scopes are transitive



- Lets try with adding dependency of child-jar for the child-war from the previous example

```
<dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>junit</groupId>
      <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
      <version>3.8.1</version>
      <scope>test</scope>
    </dependency>
        <dependency>
          <groupId>EBU</groupId>
      <artifactId>child-jar</artifactId>
      <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
        </dependency>
  </dependencies>
```

Deployment Automation

```
 <build>
 <plugins>
  <plugin>
 <groupId>org.jboss.as.plugins</groupId>
 <artifactId>jboss-as-maven-plugin</artifactId>
 <version>7.3.Final</version>
  <configuration>
   <jbossHome>C:\Users\anmuruga\JBOSS\jboss-7.1.1.Final</jbossHome>
   <serverName>default</serverName>
   <groupId>classroom</groupId>
   <artifactId>sample</artifactId>
   <name>helloworld.war</name>
  </configuration>
 </plugin>
</plugins>
</build>
```

- mvn jboss-as:deploy
- mvn jboss-as:undeploy

Maven SCM

```
 <scm>
    <url>https://github.com/scmlearningcentre/demo</url>
    <connection>scm:git:git://github.com/scmlearningcentre/demo.git</connection>
<developerConnection>scm:git:git@github.com:scmlearningcentre/demo.git</developerCon
nection>
 </scm>
```

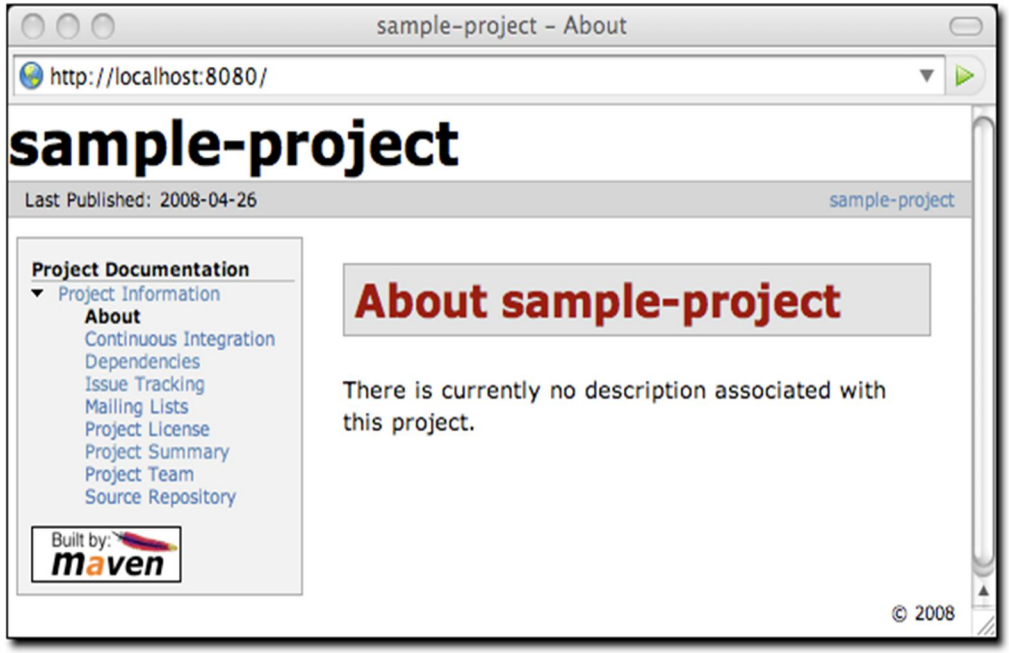
- mvn scm:checkout
- mvn scm:checkin
- mvn scm:update

```
<distributionManagement>
   <repository>
    <id>Core-API-Java-Release</id>
    <name>Release repository</name>
    <url>http://localhost:8081/nexus/content/repositories//Core-Api-Release</url>
   </repository>
</distributionManagement>
```

- mvn deploy:deploy

Documentation – Building Own Site

- mvn **site**
- pom.xml




```
<project> ...
<distributionManagement>
<site>
<id>website</id>
<url>scp://www.mycompany.com/www/docs/project/</url>
</site>
</distributionManagement> ...
</project>
```