

# **Savitribai Phule Pune University**

(Formerly University of Pune)

Three Year B.Sc. Degree Program in Computer Science

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

### **F.Y.B.Sc. Computer Science**

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

Savitribai Phule Pune University

F.Y.B.Sc.

### Title of the Course: B. Sc. (Computer Science)

### 1. Titles of Papers, Credit Allocation and Scheme of Evaluation

Course type	-	Paper title	Credits		ts Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-111	Problem Solving using Computer and 'C' Programming	2		15	35	50
CC-I	CS-112	Database Management Systems	2		15	35	50
	CS-113	Practical course based on CS101 and CS102		1.5	15	35	50
CC-II*		Mathematics – I, II and III					
CC-III*		Electronics – I,II and III					
CC-IV*		Statistics – I, II and III					

### Semester I (Total credits=22)

### Semester II (Total credits=22)

Course type	-	Paper title	Credits		Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-121	Advanced 'C' Programming	2		15	35	50
CC-V	CS-122	Relational Database Management Systems	2		15	35	50
	CS-123	Practical course based on CS201 and CS202		1.5	15	35	50
CC-VI*		Mathematics – I,II and III					
CC-VII*		Electronics – I, II and III					
CC-VIII*		Statistics – I,II and III					

Course type	-	Paper title	Credits		s Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-231	Data Structures and Algorithms – I	2		15	35	50
CC-IX	CS-232	Software Engineering	2		15	35	50
	CS-233	Practical course based on CS301		2	15	35	50
CC-X*		Mathematics – I, II and III					
CC-XI*		Electronics – I,II and III					
AECC-I*		Environment Science – I	2				
AECC-II*		Language Communication – I	2				

### S. Y. B. Sc.( Computer Science) Semester III (Total credits=22)

Semester IV (Total credits=22)

Course type	-	Paper title	Credits		Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-241	Data Structures and Algorithms – II	2		15	35	50
CC-XII	CS-242	Computer Networks - I	2		15	35	50
	CS-243	Practical course based on CS401		2	15	35	50
CC-XIII*		Mathematics – I,II and III					
CC-XIV*		Electronics – I, II and III					
AECC-III*		Environment Science – I	2				
AECC-IV*		Language Communication – I	2				

### T. Y. B. Sc.( Computer Science)

Semester V (Total credits=22)

Course type	-	Paper title	Credits		Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-351	Operating Systems - I	2		15	35	50
DSEC - I	CS-352	Computer Networks - II	2		15	35	50
	CS-357	Practical course based on CS501		2	15	35	50
	CS-353	Web Technologies - I	2				
DSEC - II	CS-354	Foundations of Data Science	2				
	CS-358	Practical course based on CS503		2			
DSEC - III	CS-355	Object Oriented Programming - I	2				

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		(Core Java)					
	CS-356 Theoretical Computer Science and		2				
		Compiler Construction - I					
	CS-359	Practical Course based on CS505		2			
SECC - I		Python Programming / R Programming	1	1	15	35	50
SECC - II	CS-3511	Open Elective	1	1	15	35	50

### Semester VI (Total credits=22)

•• •		Paper title	Credits		Evaluation		
	Code		Т	Р	CA	UA	TOTAL
	CS-361	Operating Systems - II	2		15	35	50
DSEC - IV	CS-362	Software Testing	2		15	35	50
	CS-367	Practical course based on CS601		2	15	35	50
	CS-363	Web Technologies - II	2				
DSEC - V	CS-364	Data Analytics	2				
	CS-368	Practical course based on CS603 and CS604		2			
	CS-365	Object Oriented Programming - II (Advanced Java)	2				
DSEC - VI	CS-366	Theoretical Computer Science and Compiler Construction - II	2				
	CS-369	Practical Course based on CS605		2			
SECC- III	CS-3610	Mobile Application Development OR Software Testing Tools	1	1	15	35	50
SECC - IV	CS-3611	Project OR Open Elective	1	1	15	35	50

2. Equivalence of Previous Syllabus: F. Y. B. Sc. Computer Scienc

### 3. Detailed Syllabus:

		Savitribai Phule Pune University F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science) puter Science Paper - I Semest			
Course Type: Core Credit Course Code: CS101 Course Title : Problem Solving Using Computer and 'C' Programming - I					
Teaching SchemeNo. of CreditsExamination Scheme					
2 Hours / Week 2 IE : 15 Marks					
UE: 35 Marks					
Course Obj	ectives				
-		of computing, programming and p	problem- solving using		
computers		······································			
1		yze a problem and devise an algor	thm to solve it.		
		idocodes and flowcharts for arithm			
		gramming approach.			
5. To develo	p the basic concepts	s and terminology of programming	g in general.		
6. To implen	nent algorithms in t	he 'C' language.			
7. To test, de	bug and execute pr	ograms.			
Course Out	comes:- On comple	tion of this course, students will b	e able to :		
1. Explore al	gorithmic approach	es to problem solving.			
2. Develop n	nodular programs u	sing control structures and arrays	in 'C'.		
		<b>Course Contents</b>			
Chapter 1	Problem Solving	Aspects	5 Hours		
1.1. Introduc	tion to problem sol	ving using computers.			
1.2. Problem	solving steps.				
-		cteristics, examples, advantages			
		tions, examples, advantages and	limitations, Comparison with		
algorithn					
		amples, advantages and limitation			
-		tools, programming paradigms, ty	pes of languages		
	ng pseudo-code to j	U			
-		lers, interpreters), linking and loa	ding, syntax and semantic		
	sting a program				
1.9 Good Pro	ogramming Practice	es (naming conventions, documen	tation, indentation).		
Chapter 2	'C' Fundamenta	hls	7 Hours		
-	of 'C' language.				
2.2 Applicati	• •				
	of a 'C' program.				
	ram development li	fe cycle			

2.3 'C' Program development life cycle.

2.4 Function as building blocks. 2.5 'C' tokens 2.6 Character set, Keywords, Identifiers 2.7 Variables, Constants (character, integer, float, string, escape sequences, enumeration constant). 2.8 Data Types (Built-in and user defined data types). 2.9 Operators, Expressions, types of operators, Operator precedence and Order of evaluation. 2.10 Character input and output. 2.11 String input and output. 2.12 Formatted input and output. **Control Structures 6 Hours** Chapter 3 3.1 Decision making structures:- if ,if-else, switch and conditional operator. 3.2 Loop control structures:- while ,do while, for. 3.3 Use of break and continue. 3.4 Nested structures. 3.5 Unconditional branching (goto statement). Chapter 4 **Functions 6 Hours** 4.1 Concept of function, Advantages of Modular design. 4.2 Standard library functions. 4.3 User defined functions:- declaration , definition, function call, parameter passing (by value), return statement. 4.4 Recursive functions. 4.5 Scope of variables and Storage classes. Chapter 5 **6 Hours** Arrays 5.1 Concept of array. 5.2 Types of Arrays – One, Two and Multidimensional array. 5.3 Array Operations - declaration, initialization, accessing array elements. 5.4 Memory representation of two-dimensional array (row major and column major) 5.5 Passing arrays to function. 5.6 Array applications - Finding maximum and minimum, Counting occurrences, Linear search, Sorting an array (Simple exchange sort, bubble sort), Merging two sorted arrays, Matrix operations (trace of matrix, addition, transpose, multiplication, symmetric, upper/ lower triangular matrix) **Reference Books:** 1. How to Solve it by Computer, R.G. Dromey, Pearson Education. Problem Solving and Programming Concept, Maureen Sprankle,7th Edition, Pearson 2.

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Publication.

- 3. C: the Complete Reference, Schildt Herbert, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill
- 4. A Structured Programming Approach Using C, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, Cengage Learning India
- 5. The 'C' programming language, Brian Kernighan, Dennis Ritchie, PHI
- 6. Programming in C , A Practical Approach, Ajay Mittal, Pearson
- 7. Programming with C, B. Gottfried, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Schaum's outline Series, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill.

CBCS: 2019-2	2020	F.Y.B.Sc.		Computer Scien
	S	SavitribaiPhule Pune Univ	ersity	
		F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Scie	ence)	
	Com	puter Science Paper – II S	Semester I	
С	ourse Type: Core	e Credit	<b>Course Cod</b>	e: CS102
	Course	Title : Database Managen	nent Systems	
Teachi	ng Scheme	No. of Credits	Exar	nination Scheme
02 Ho	urs / Week	2	I	E : 15 Marks
			τ	JE: 35 Marks
Prerequisite	5		1	
• Basic	Knowledge of file	e system, storing data in file	system and Op	erations on sets
Course Obje	ectives			
• To un	derstand the funda	amental concepts of database	e.	
• To un	derstand user requ	irements and frame it in dat	ta model.	
• To un	derstand creations	, manipulation and querying	g of data in data	bases.
Course Outo	comes			
On completio	on of the course, st	udent will be able to-		
• Solve	real world proble	ms using appropriate set, fur	nction, and rela	tional models.
• Desig	n E-R Model for g	given requirements and conv	vert the same in	to database tables.
• Use S		-		
		<b>Course Contents</b>		
Chapter 1	Introduction to	DBMS		3 Hours
1.1. Introduct	tion			1
1.2. File syste	em Vs DBMS			
1.3. Levels of	f abstraction & dat	ta independence		
1.4.Structure	of DBMS (Roles	of DBMS Users)		
1.5. Users of	DBMS Advantag	es of DBMS		
Chapter 2	Conceptual Des	sign		11 Hours
2.1. Overview	v of DB design pro	ocess		
2.2. Introduct	tion to data models	s (E-R model, Relational mo	odel, Network n	nodel, Hierarchical
model)				
2.3. Conceptu	ual design using E	R data model (entities, attrib	outes, entity sets	s, relations,
relations	hip sets)			
	· •	ts, Integrity constraints, refe		-
		Domain, Check constraint, N		iints)
	-	lization, Aggregation, Gene	eralization	
	representation of I			
		abases (concepts of a table)		
	versus RDBMS			
2.9. Case Stu	dies on ER model			•
Chanter 3	SOI			0 Hours

Chapter 3 SQL

9 Hours

3.1 Introduction to query languages					
3.1. Introduction to query languages					
3.2. Basic structure					
3.3. DDL Commands					
3.4. DML Commands					
3.5. Forms of a basic SQL query (Expression and strings in SQL)					
3.6. Set operations					
3.7. Aggregate Operators and functions					
3.8. Date and String functions					
3.9. Null values					
3.10. Nested Subqueries					
3.11 SQL mechanisms for joining relations (inner joins, outer joins and the	eir types)				
3.12 Views					
3.13. Examples on SQL (case studies)					
Chapter 4 Relational Database Design	7 Hours				
3.1. Introduction to Relational-Database Design ( undesirable properties of	•				
3.2. Functional Dependency(Basic concepts, F+, Closure of an Attribute s	et, Armstrong's				
axioms)					
3.3. Concept of Decomposition					
3.4. Desirable Properties of Decomposition (Lossless join, Lossy join, De	ependency				
Preservation)					
3.5. Concept of normalization, Normal Forms (1NF,2NF and 3NF), Exam	*				
3.6 Keys Concept with Examples : Candidate Keys and Super Keys, Algo	orithm to find the				
super keys / primary key for a relation					
Reference Books:					
1. Database System Concepts, Henry F. Korth, Abraham Silberschatz,					
S.Sudarshan,ISBN:9780071289597,Tata McGraw-Hill Education					
2. Database Management Systems ,RaghuRamakrishnan,ISBN:97800712	54342,Mcgraw-hill				
higher Education					
3. Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes G	ehrke,McGraw-Hill				
Science/Engineering/Math; 3 edition, ISBN: 9780072465631					
4. Database Systems, Shamkant B. Navathe, RamezElmasri, ISBN:978013	2144988,PEARSON				
HIGHER EDUCATION					
5. Beginning Databases with PostgreSQL: From Novice to Professional, I	Richard Stones, Neil				
Matthew, ISBN:9781590594780, Apress					
6. PostgreSQL, Korry Douglas, ISBN:9780672327568, Sams					
7. Practical PostgreSQL (B/CD), JohnWorsley, Joshua					
Drake,ISBN:9788173663925Shroff/O'reilly					
8. Practical Postgresql, By Joshua D. Drake, John C Worsley (O'Reillypublications)					
9. "An introduction to Database systems", Bipin C Desai, Galgotia Publications					
Savitribai Phule Pune University					
F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)					

Computer Science Luper - III Scinester I						
Course Type: Core	Course Code: CS103					
Title : Practical course on Problem Solving using Computer and 'C' programm						
	and					
Γ	Oatabase Management System	8				
Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme				
3 Hrs / week	1.5	IE : 15 Marks				
		UE: 35 Marks				
Course Objectives	Course Objectives					

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the program development life cycle.
- Solve simple computational problems using modular design and basic features of the 'C' language.
- Understand basic database management operations.
- Design E-R Model for given requirements and convert the same into database tables.

### **Course Outcomes:-**

On completion of this course, students will be able to :

- Devise pseudocodes and flowchart for computational problems.
- Write, debug and execute simple programs in 'C'.
- Create database tables in postgreSQL.
- Write and execute simple, nested queries.

#### Guidelines :

**Lab Book:** The lab book is to be used as a hands-on resource, reference and record of assignment submission and completion by the student. The lab book contains the set of assignments which the student must complete as a part of this course.

#### Submission:

Problem Solving Assignments:

The problem solving assignments are to be submitted by the student in the form of a journal containing individual assignment sheets. Each assignment includes the Assignment Title, Problem statement, Date of submission, Assessment date, Assessment grade and instructors sign.

### Programming Assignments:

Programs should be done individually by the student in the respective login. The codes should be uploaded on either the local server, Moodle, Github or any open source LMS. Print-outs of the programs and output may be taken but not mandatory for assessment.

### DBMS Assignments:

For each problem/case study, the student must design the database model in the form of an E-R diagram. Table design should be based on the same and must include proper constraints and integrity checks. The students have to create, populate the tables and then perform the activities specified in each of the assignments. A pool of databases will get created as student progresses

through the assignments and these databases can be repeatedly used in subsequent assignments. A separate softcopy of the queries must be maintained for each assignment.

### Assessment:

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is to be done based on overall performance and lab assignments performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment will be assigned grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficient codes and good programming practices.

#### **Operating Environment:**

For 'C' Programming : Operating system: Linux Editor: Any linux based editor like vi, gedit etc. Compiler : cc or gcc

For DBMS: Operating System: Linux Operating system DBMS: PostgreSQL Language: SQL

### Suggested List of Assignments:

### A) Problem Solving and C programming:

#### Assignment 1.

Problem Solving using Pseudo code and Flowchart, Simple programs, Understanding errors and error handling.

### Assignment 2.

Decision Making Control Structures.

### Assignment 3.

Loop Control Structures

### Assignment 4.

Functions (User Defined functions, Library functions and Recursion ).

#### Assignment 5.

Arrays (1-D and 2-D).

### **B)** Database Management Systems

#### Assignment 1.

To create simple tables with only the primary key constraint ( as a table level

constraint & as a field level constraint) (include all data types)

### Assignment 2.

To create more than one table, with referential integrity constraint, PK constraint. Assignment 3.

To create one or more tables with following constraints, in addition to the first two constraints (PK & FK)

a. Check constraint

b. Unique constraint

c. Not null constraint

### Assignment 4.

To drop a table, alter schema of a table, insert / update / delete records using tables created in previous Assignments. ( use simple forms of insert / update / delete statements)

### Assignment 5.

To query the tables using simple form of select statement Select <field-list> from table [where <condition> order by <field list>] Select <field-list, aggregate functions > from table [where <condition> group by <> having <> order by <>]

### Assignment 6.

To query table, using set operations (union, intersect)

### Assignment 7.

To query tables using nested queries (use of 'Except', exists, not exists, all clauses

### Assignment 8.

To create views.

Books: Laboratory handbook prepared by the University.

S	avitribai Phule Pune University	7
C	F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)	
	puter Science Paper - I Semest	
• 1		e Code: CS201
	se Title : Advanced 'C' Program	0
Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
2 Hours / Week	2	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks
Prerequisites		
•	ke algorithms, flowcharts and pseu	idocodes.
• Basic knowledge of 'C'	anguage.	
<b>Course Objectives :-</b>		
•	of programming using the 'C' lar	
Ũ	tion with complex data types and	structures.
• To work with files.		
Course Outcomes:- Student w	ill be able to :-	
Develop modular progra	ms using control structures, pointe	ers, arrays, strings and
structures		
• Design and develop solu	tions to real world problems using	g C.
	<b>Course Contents</b>	
Chapter 1 Pointers		8 Hours
1.1. Introduction to Pointers.		
1.2. Declaration, definition, initi	alization, dereferencing.	
1.3. Pointer arithmetic.		
1 1	s & Pointers- Pointer to array, Ar	ray of pointers.
1.5. Multiple indirection (pointe	-	
-	sing pointer to function, Returning	g pointer from function,
Function pointer.		
	nent-Allocation(malloc(),calloc())	, Resizing(realloc()),
Releasing(free()).,		
1.8. Memory leak, dangling point	nters.	
1.9. Types of pointers.		
Chapter 2 Strings		6 Hours
	les, declaration, definition, initiali	zation.
2.2 Syntax and use of predefined	string functions	
2.3 Array of strings.		
2.4. Strings and Pointers		
2.5. Command line arguments.	<b>*</b> T •	0.11
Chapter 3 Structures And	Unions.	8 Hours

3.1. C	oncept of structure, definition and initialization, use of typedef.			
3.2. Accessing structure members.				
3.3. N	lested Structures			
3.4. A	rrays of Structures			
3.5. S	tructures and functions- Passing each member of structure as a separate arg	gument, Passing		
S	tructure by value / address.			
3.6. P	ointers and structures.			
3.7. C	oncept of Union, declaration, definition, accessing union members.			
3.8. D	ifference between structures and union.			
Chap	ter 4 File Handling	6 Hours		
4.1. In	ntroduction to streams.			
4.2. T	ypes of files.			
4.3. C	perations on text files.			
4.4. S	tandard library input/output functions.			
4.5. R	andom access to files.			
Chap	ter 5 Preprocessor	2 Hours		
6.1. I	Role of Preprocessor			
6.2. F	ormat of preprocessor directive			
6.3. F	ile inclusion directives (#include)			
6.4. N	facro substitution directive, argumented and nested macro			
6.5. N	lacros versus functions			
Refer	ence Books:			
1.	C: the Complete Reference, Schildt Herbert, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition, McGraw Hill			
2.				
	F. Gilberg, Cengage Learning India			
3.				
4. Programming in C , A Practical Approach, Ajay Mittal , Pearson				
5.				
	Hill.			
6.	Programming in ANSI C, E. Balagurusamy, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill.			
L				

	S.	Savitribai Phule Pune Universit	y
		F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)	
		puter Science Paper – II Semest	
	Course Type: C		se Code: CS202
		: Relational Database Manager	
	ng Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
2 Hou	ırs / Week	2	IE : 15 Marks
<u> </u>			UE: 35 Marks
Prerequisite			
	Knowledge of DB		
	ledge of SQL Que		
	s of relational desig	gn	
• Basics	s of ER model		
Course Obje	ctives		
• To tea	ach fundamental co	oncepts of RDBMS (PL/PgSQL)	
• To tea	ch database manag	gement operations	
• Be fai	niliar with the basi	ic issues of transaction processing	and concurrency control
• To tea	ch data security an	nd its importance	·
Course Outc	omes	*	
On completic	on of the course, stu	udent will be able to-	
• Desig	n E-R Model for g	iven requirements and convert the	e same into database tables.
-	•	s such as SQL & PL/SQL.	
	-	agement in relational database Sy	/stem.
-		Programming concepts	
		<b>Course Contents</b>	
Chapter 1		tabase Design Using PLSQL	8 Hours
	on to PLSQL		
	L: Datatypes, Lang	•	
	• • •	w, conditional statements, loops	
1.4 Stored Pr			
1.5 Stored Fu			
-	Errors and Except	ions	
1.7 Cursors			
1.8 Triggers			
Chapter 2	Transaction C	Concepts and concurrency contr	ol 10 hours
Unapiti 2			

2.2 Executing transactions concurrently associated problem in concurrent execution.				
2.3 Schedules, types of schedules, concept of Serializability, Precedence graph for				
Serializability.				
2.4 Ensuring Serializability by locks, different lock modes, 2PL and its variations.				
2.5 Basic timestamp method for concurrency, Thomas Write Rule.	11 \			
2.6 Locks with multiple granularity, dynamic database concurrency (Phantom Pro	blem).			
2.7 Timestamps versus locking.				
2.8 Deadlock and deadlock handling - Deadlock Avoidance( wait-die, wound-wa	it), Deadlock			
Detection and Recovery (Wait for graph).				
Chapter 3 Database Integrity and Security Concepts	6 Hours			
3.1 Domain constraints	onours			
3.2 Referential Integrity				
3.3 Introduction to database security concepts				
3.4 Methods for database security				
3.4.1Discretionary access control method				
3.4.2Mandatory access control				
3.4.3. Role base access control for multilevel security.				
3.5 Use of views in security enforcement.				
3.6 Overview of encryption technique for security.				
3.7 Statistical database security.				
Chapter 4 Crash Recovery	4 Hours			
4.1 Failure classification				
4.2 Recovery concepts				
4.3 Log base recovery techniques (Deferred and Immediate update)				
4.4 Checkpoints, Relationship between database manager and buffer cache. Aries	recovery			
algorithm.				
4.5 Recovery with concurrent transactions (Rollback, checkpoints, commit)				
4.6 Database backup and recovery from catastrophic failure				
Chapter 5 Other Databases	2 Hours			
5.1 Introduction to Parallel and distributed Databases				
5.2 Introduction to Object Based Databases				
5.3 XML Databases				
5.4 NoSQL Database				
5.5 Multimedia Databases				
5.6 Big Data Databases				
Reference Books:	th			
1. Database System Concepts, By Silberschatz A., Korth H., Sudarshan S., 6	<sup>n</sup> Edition,			
McGraw Hill Education				

2.	Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan, Mcgraw-Hill Education
3.	Database Systems, Shamkant B. Navathe, Ramez Elmasri, PEARSON HIGHER
	EDUCATION
4.	Fundamentals of Database Systems, By: Elmasri and Navathe, 4th Edition Practical
	PostgreSQL O'REILLY
5.	Database Management Systems, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, McGraw-Hill
	Science/Engineering/Math; 3 edition, ISBN: 9780072465631
6.	NoSQL Distilled, Pramod J. Sadalage and Martin Fowler, Addison Wesley
7.	An Introduction to Database Systems", C J Date, Addison-Wesley
8.	Database Systems : Concepts, Design and Application", S.K.Singh, Pearson, Education
9.	NoSQL Distilled A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence : by
	Pramod J. Sadalage, Martin Fowler, Addison-Wesley, Pearson Education, Inc.
10.	MongoDB: The Definitive Guide, Kristina Chodorow, Michael Dirolf, O'Reilly

Publications

	avitribai Phule Pune U	•
	F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Solution	
-	er Science Paper – III	
Course Type: Core		Course Code: CS203
Title : Practical Course o	n Advanced 'C' Progra	mming and Relational Dstabase
	Management Syste	ms
Teaching Scheme	No. of Credits	Examination Scheme
3 Hours / week	1.5	IE : 15 Marks
		UE: 35 Marks
Course Objectives		
• To solve real world computa	tional problems.	
• To perform operations on rel	ational database manage	ment systems.
Course Outcomes:-		
On completion of this course, stu	udents will be able to :	
- W/		hat was in (C)

- Write, debug and execute programs using advanced features in 'C'.
- To use SQL & PL/SQL.
- To perform advanced database operations.

### Guidelines :

**Lab Book:** The lab book is to be used as a hands-on resource, reference and record of assignment submission and completion by the student. The lab book contains the set of assignments which the student must complete as a part of this course.

### Submission:

### Programming Assignments:

Programs should be done individually by the student in respective login. The codes should be uploaded on either the local server, Moodle, Github or any open source LMS. Print-outs of the programs and output may be taken but not mandatory for assessment.

### **RDBMS** Assignments:

For each problem/case study, the student must design the database model in the form of an E-R diagram. Table design should be based on the same and must include proper constraints and integrity checks. The students have to create, populate the tables and then perform the activities specified in each of the assignments. A separate softcopy of the table creation statements and queries must be maintained for each assignment.

### Assessment

Continuous assessment of laboratory work is to be done based on overall performance and lab assignments performance of student. Each lab assignment assessment will be assigned grade/marks based on parameters with appropriate weightage. Suggested parameters for overall

assessment as well as each lab assignment assessment include- timely completion, performance, innovation, efficient codes and good programming practices.

### **Operating Environment:**

For 'C' Programming : Operating system: Linux Editor: Any linux based editor like vi, gedit etc. Compiler : cc or gcc

For DBMS: Operating System: Linux Operating system DBMS: PostgreSQL 11 and higher Language: PL/SQL

### **Suggested List of Assignments:**

### A) Advanced C Programming:

### Assignment 1.

Simple Pointers.

a) Pointer initialization and use of pointers.

b) Pointer Arithmetic.

#### Assignment 2.

Dynamic Memory Allocation.

### Assignment 3.

String handling using standard library functions.

#### Assignment 4.

Structure and Unions.

#### Assignment 5.

File Handling.

### Assignment 6.

C Preprocessors.

### **B)** Relational Database Management Systems:

### **Assignment 1: Stored Procedure**

- 1) A Simple Stored Procedure
- 2) A Stored Procedure with IN, OUT and IN/OUT parameter

### **Assignment 2: Stored Function**

- 1) A Simple Stored Function
- 2) A Stored Function that returns
- 3) A Stored Function recursive

### **Assignment 3 : Cursors**

1) A Simple Cursor

### 2) A Parameterize Cursor

### **Assignment 4 : Exception Handling**

- 1) Simple Exception- Raise Debug Level Messages
- 2) Simple Exception- Raise Notice Level Messages
- 3) Simple Exception- Raise Exception Level Messages

### **Assignment 5 : Triggers**

- 1) Before Triggers (insert, update, delete)
- 2) After Triggers (insert, update, delete)

Books: Laboratory handbook prepared by the University.



# **Savitribai Phule Pune University**

(Formerly University of Pune)

Faculty of Science & Technology

## F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science) Electronic Science

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

### Title of the Course: F.Y. B. Sc. Electronics of B. Sc.(Computer Science)

### Preamble of the Syllabus:

The systematic and planned curricula for first year and second year Electronics shall motivate and encourage the students for pursuing higher studies in Electronics and Computer and for becoming an entrepreneur.

#### Introduction:

At **first year of under-graduation:** The basic topics related to the fundamentals of electronics are covered. Since electronics is an inherent part of technological advancements, the practical course is intended to achieve the basic skills required for computer science students.

At **second year under-graduation**: The level of the theory and practical courses shall be one step ahead of the first year B.Sc. Courses based on content of first year shall be introduced. Concepts of Communication, embedded system, Internet of things will be introduced at this stage.

Objectives:

- To provide knowledge of technological and practical aspects of electronics.
- To familiarize with current and recent technological developments.
- To enrich knowledge through activities such as industrial visits, seminars, projects etc.
- To train students in skills related to computer industry and market.
- To create foundation for research and development in Electronics/ Computer.
- To develop analytical abilities towards real world problems
- To help students to build-up a progressive and successful career.

### Titles of Papers and Scheme of Study

	Paper /			Credits			Lectures/ practical		Evalua	ation
SEM	subject code	Paper	Paper Title		per week	C.A.	U.E.	Total		
	ELC-111	Ι	Semiconductor Devices and Basic Electronic Systems	2	2	15	35*	50		
I	ELC-112	II	Principles of Digital Electronics	2	2	15	35*	50		
	ELC-113	111	Practical	1.5	3	15	35**	50		
	ELC-121	I	Instrumentation System	2	2	15	35*	50		
П	ELC-122	II	Basics of Computer Organisation	2	2	15	35*	50		
	ELC-123	111	Practical	1.5	3	15	35**	50		

### F. Y. B. Sc. Electronic Science of B. Sc.(Computer Science)

### **Detail Syllabus:**

### SEMESTER I

### Paper I

### **ELC-111: Semiconductor Devices and Basic Electronic Systems**

### **Objective :**

1. To study various types of semiconductor devices

2. To study elementary electronic circuits and systems

#### Term I

#### **Unit 1. Semiconductor Diodes**

Semiconductor, P and N type semiconductors, Formation of PN junction diode, it's working, Forward and Reverse bias characteristics, Zener diode: working principle, breakdown mechanism and characteristics, Working principle of Light emitting diode, photo diode, optocoupler, Solar cell working principle and characteristics

#### **Unit 2. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)**

Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) symbol, types, construction, working principle, Transistor amplifier configurations - CB, CC (only concept), CE configuration: input and output characteristics, Concept of Biasing, Potential Divider bias, Transistor as amplifier (Concept of Gain and Bandwidth expected), Transistor as a switch.

#### **Unit 3. MOSFET**

MOSFET types, Working principle, Characteristics, Application of MOSFET as a Switch.

### **Unit 4. POWER SUPPLY**

Block Diagram of Regulated Power Supply, Rectifiers (half wave, full wave, Bridge), rectifier with capacitor-filter, Use of Zener Diode as a Voltage Regulator, IC 78XX and 79XX as regulator, Block Diagram and explanation of SMPS, Block diagram and explanation of UPS

#### **Unit 5. OSCILLATORS**

Barkhauson Criteria, Low frequency Wein-bridge oscillator, High frequency crystal oscillator, IC 555 as astable multivibrator used as square wave generator / clock

#### **Unit 6. DATA CONVERTERS**

Need of Digital to Analog converters, parameters, weighted resistive network, R-2R ladder network, need of Analog to Digital converters, parameters, Flash ADC, successive approximation ADC.

### Text/reference books :

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits I T. L. Floyd- PHI Fifth Edition
- 2. Principles of Analog Electronics by A.P.Malvino
- 3. Sedha R.S., A Text Book Of Applied Electronics, S.Chand& CompanyLtd

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### **SEMESTER I**

### PAPER II

### **ELC 112: Principles of Digital Electronics**

### **Objectives:**

- 1. To get familiar with concepts of digital electronics
- 2. To learn number systems and their representation
- 3. To understand basic logic gates, Boolean algebra and K-maps
- 4. To study arithmetic circuits, combinational circuits and sequential circuits

### **Unit 1: Number Systems and Digital codes**

Introduction to Decimal, Binary and Hexadecimal Number Systems And their interconversions, Binary addition and binary subtraction using 2's complement, Binary Coded Decimal Number, Gray Codes, Gray to Binary and Binary to Gray conversion, Alphanumeric representation in ASCII codes.

### Unit 2: Logic gates and Boolean Algebra

Logic gates (NOT, AND,OR,NAND,NOR,XOR gate) With their symbol, Boolean Equation and truth table, Universal gates,

Introduction of CMOS and TTL logic families, Parameters like power supply, propagation delay, noise margin, fan in, fan out, Power Dissipation (TTL NAND, inverter, CMOS gates etc not expected)

Boolean algebra rules and Boolean Laws, De Morgan's theorem, Simplifications of Logic equations using Boolean algebra rules, Min terms, Max terms, Boolean expression in SOP and POS form, conversion of SOP/POS expression to its standard SOP/POS form Introduction to Karnaugh Map, problems based on the same (Upto 4 variables), Digital Designing using K Map for: Gray to Binary and Binary to Gray conversion,

### **Unit 3: Combinational Circuits**

Half adder and full adder, 4-Bit Universal adder/ Subtractor, Applications of Ex-OR gates as parity checker and generator, Study of Multiplexer (4:1) and Demultiplexer (1:4), Encoders - Decimal/ BCD to binary, 3X4 matrix keyboard encoder, priority encoder, Decoder- BCD to seven segment decoder, IC 74138 and IC 7447, Digital comparator,

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Digital Fundamentals: Floyd T.M., Jain R.P., Pearson Education
- 2. Digital Electronics: Jain R.P., Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Digital Principles and Applications: Malvino Leach, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 4. M.Morris Mano, "Digital Design "3rdEdition, PHI, NewDelhi.
- 5. Ronald J. Tocci. "Digital Systems-Principles and Applications" 6/e. PHI. New Delhi. 1999.(UNITS I to IV)
- 6. G.K.Kharate-Digital electronics-oxford university press
- 7. S.Salivahana & S.Arivazhagan-Digital circuits and design
- 8. 5. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits by AnandKumar

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### **SEMESTER I**

### Paper III

### **ELC-113: Practical Course**

The practical course consists of 10 experiments out of which two will be preparatory experiments. These will be evaluated in an oral examination for 15% marks at internal and external semester examination.

### **Preparatory Experiments (Minimum 2/3)**

1.Identification of Components (Passive and Active) /Tools

- Minimum 10 different types of components must be given
- Identification based on visual inspection / data sheets be carried out

2.Use of Digital Multimeters

- Measurement of AC/DC voltage and Current on different ranges
- Measurement of R &C
- Testing of Diodes & Transistors
- Measurement of β.
- Use of Multimeter in measurement of Variation of Resistance of LDR.
- Thermister

3.Study of Signal Generator & CRO

- Understand how to use Signal Generator, CRO
- Study of front panel controls of both
- Measurement of amplitude and frequency of Sine/Square waveform
- Measurement of Phase with the help of RC circuit
- Demonstration of Lissajous figures
- Demonstrate the use of Component testing facility

### Semester I List of Practicals (Minimum 08, 4 from each group) Group A

- 1. Study of breakdown characteristics and voltage regulation action of Zener diode, Use of 3 Pin Regulator IC 78XX & 79XX as a regulator.
- 2. Study of half wave, full wave and bridge rectifier circuit with and without capacitor filters.
- 3. Study of Opto-coupler using LED and Photodiode (Package may be used here), it's application as burglar alarm.
- 4. Study of Bipolar Junction Transistor as a Switch.
- 5. Study of Single stage RC coupled CE transistor Amplifier (Gain/ Bandwidth).
- 6. Study of output and transfer characteristics of MOSFET.
- 7. Study of SMPS.
- 8. Study of IC 555 as an Astable Multivibrator.
- 9. Study of 4-Bit R-2R Ladder Network type of DAC.

10. Study of 3-bit Flash ADC.

### Group B

11. Study of Logic Gates (Verification of Truth tables)

12. Study of Binary to Gray & Gray to Binary Converter (K- Map based design).

- 13. Study of Half Adder and Full Adder using Logic Gates.
- 14. Use of Ex-OR as a 4-bit Parity Checker and Generator.
- 15. Study of Decimal to BCD (Binary) Converter.
- 16. Study of Multiplexer and Demultiplexer (4:1 & 1:4).
- 17. Study of 3X4 matrix Keyboard Encoder / Priority Encoder.
- 18. Study of BCD to Seven Segment Display using IC 74138 and IC 7447.

### **SEMESTER II**

### PAPER I

### **ELC 121: Instrumentation System**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to Instrumentation System**

Block diagram of Instrumentation system, Definition of sensor, transducer and Actuators, Classification of sensors: Active and passive sensors. Specifications of sensors: Accuracy, range, linearity, sensitivity, resolution, reproducibility.

#### Unit 2: Sensors and Actuators

Temperature sensor (Thermistor, LM-35), optical sensor (LDR), Passive Infrared sensor (PIR), Tilt Sensor, ultrasonic sensor, Motion sensor, Image Sensor, Actuators : DC Motor, stepper motor

### Unit 3: Smart Instrumentation System and Smart Sensors

Block diagram of Smart Instrumentation system, Concept of smart sensor, Film sensors, nanosensor

#### Unit 4: OPAMP as signal Conditioner

Concept, block diagram of Op amp, basic parameters (ideal and practical): input and output impedance, bandwidth, differential and common mode gain, CMRR, slew rate, IC741/ LM324, Concept of virtual ground, Op amp as inverting and non inverting amplifier, Unity gain follower, Opamp as adder, substractor, Op amp as current to voltage and voltage to current convertor, Voltage to frequency converter, Op amp as comparator, Problems based on above Op Amp applications.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Sensors and Transducers, by: D. Patranabis, pHI publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

- 2. Sensors and Transducers, by : Prof A.D.Shaligram
- 3. Op Amp and Linear Integrated Circuits By Ramakant Gaykwad

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### PAPER II

### **ELC 122 : Basics of Computer Organisation**

### Unit 1: Flip-flops

CBCS: 2019-2020

RS Flip Flop using NAND gate, clocked RS Flip Flop, D Latch, J K Flip Flop

### Unit 2: Shift registers and Counters

Shift registers - SISO, SIPO, PISO, PIPO shift registers, Ring Counter using D Flip flop.

Counters -Synchronous and Asynchronous type, 3-bit Up, Down and Up-Down counter, Concept of modulus Counters

(Timing Diagram of all above are expected)

### Unit 3: Basics of Computer System

Basic Computer Organization, Concept of Address Bus, Data Bus, Control Bus. CPU Block Diagram and Explanation of each block, Register based CPU organization, Concept of Stack & its organization, I/O organization: need of interface, block diagram of general I/O interface

### Unit 4: Memory Organization

Memory Architecture, Memory hierarchy, Types of Memories, Data Read/Write process, Vertical and Horizontal Memory Expansion, Role of Cache memory, Virtual Memory.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Digital Fundamentals: Floyd T.M., Jain R.P., Pearson Education
- 2. Digital Electronics: Jain R.P., Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Digital Logic and Computer Design : M. Morris Mano, Pearson Education
- 4. Computer Organization and Architecture, William Stallings, Pearson, 10<sup>th</sup> Edi.

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### SEMESTER II

### Paper III

### **ELC-123: Practical Course**

The practical course consists of 10 experiments out of which one will be activity equivalent to 2 practical. Activity will carry 15% marks at internal and external semester examination. Activity can be any one of the following :

- 1. Hobby projects
- 2. Industrial visit / live work experience
- 3. PCB Making
- 4. Market Survey of Electronic Systems
- 5. Circuit Simulations and CAD tools

### GROUP A (Minimum 4/8)

- 1. To study temperature sensor LM 35
- 2. Use of LDR to control light intensity
- 3. Study of PIR and tilt sensor.
- 4. Study of stepper motor.
- 5. Use of OPAMP as comparator and its use in DC motor driving.
- 6. Build and test Inverting and non inverting amplifier using OPAMP.
- 7. Build and test adder and subtractor circuits using OPAMP.
- 8. Build and test voltage to frequency converter

### GROUP B (Minimum 4/8)

- 1. Study of RS, JK and D flip flops using NAND gates
- 2. Study of Four bit ALU
- 3. Study of asynchronous Up/Down Counter
- 4. Study of decade counter IC circuit configurations
- 5. Study of 4-bit SISO Shift register and it's use as Ring Counter
- 6. Study of read and write action of RAM (using IC 2112/4 or equivalent).
- 7. Study of Diode Matrix ROM
- 8. Study of Computer hardware system



# **Savitribai Phule Pune University**

(Formerly University of Pune)

**Three Year B.Sc. Degree Program in Mathematics** 

(Faculty of Science & Technology)

### **F.Y.B.Sc.** Mathematics (Computer Science)

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

### Title of the Course : B.Sc. Mathematics (Computer Science)

### Structure of the course:-

Semester - I		Semester -II		
Paper I	MTC-111	Matrix Algebra	MTC-121	Linear Algebra
Paper II	MTC-112	Discrete Mathematics	MTC-122	Graph Theory
Paper III	MTC-113	Mathematics Practical	MTC-123	Mathematics Practical

### **Proposed Structure of S. Y. B. Sc. Mathematics (Computer Science) Courses:**

Semester - III			Semester -IV	
Paper I	MT-231	Group Theory	MT-241	Calculus
Paper II	MT-232	Numerical Analysis	MT-242	Operations Research
Paper III	MT-233	Mathematics Practical	MT-243	Mathematics Practical

All three above courses are compulsory.

### Equivalence of Previous syllabus along with new syllabus:

	Old course	New Course
Paper I	MTC-101 :	MTC-111: Matrix Algebra
	Discrete Mathematics	and
		MTC-121 : Linear Algebra
Paper II	MTC-102 :	MTC-112 : Discrete Mathematics
	Algebra and Calculus	and
		MTC-122 : Graph Theory
Paper III	MTC-103 :	MTC – 113 : Mathematics Practical
	Mathematics Practical	and
		MTC – 113 : Mathematics Practical

### **Detailed Syllabus:**

### Semester - I

### MTC-111: Matrix Algebra

Unit 1	: Introduction	(4 lectures)
1.1 1.2 1.3	Matrix Operations The Inverse of a Matrix Characterization of invertible matrices	
Unit 2	: Linear Equations in Linear Algebra-I	(12 lectures)
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	System of Linear equations Row reduction and echelon forms Vector equations The matrix equation Ax=b Solution sets of linear systems	
Unit 3	: Linear Equations in Linear Algebra -II	(12 lectures)
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7	Partitioned Matrices Matrix factorization [Lu decomposition] Linear Independence Introduction to linear transformation The matrix of linear transformation Subspaces of R <sup>n</sup> Dimension and Rank	
Unit 4	: Determinants	(8 lectures)
4.1	Introduction to determinants	

- 4.2 Properties of determinants
- 4.3 Cramer's rule, Volume and linear transformations

# Text Book : Linear Algebra and its Applications, David C Lay, Steven R. Lay, Judi J. MacDonald Pearson Publication, 2016, Fifth Edition.

Unit 1: Chapter 2: Sec. 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 Unit 2: Chapter 1: Sec. 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 Unit 3: Chapter 2: Sec. 2.4, 2.5, 2.8, 2.9, Chapter 1: 1.7, 1.8, 1.9 Unit 4: Chapter 3: Sec. 3.1, 3.2, 3.3

### Reference Books :

1. Elementary Linear Algebra with supplemental Applications, Howard Anton and others, Wiley Student Edition.

2. Matrix and Linear Algebra (aided with MATLAB),KantiBhushanDatta, Eastern Economic Edition.

#### **MTC 112: Discrete Mathematics**

### UNIT 1 : LOGIC (7 Lectures)

- 1.1 Revision : Propositional Logic, Propositional Equivalences.
- 1.2 Rules of Inference : Argument in propositional Logic, Validity Argument(Direct and Indirect methods) Rules of Inference for Propositional Logic, Building Arguments.
- 1.3 Predicates and Quantifiers : Predicate, n-Place Predicate or ,n-ary Predicate, Quantification and Quantifiers, Universal Quantifier, Existential Quantifier, Quantifiers with restricted domains, Logical Equivalences involving Quantifiers.

#### Unit 2 : Lattices and Boolean Algebra (13 Lectures)

- 2.1 Relations, types of relations, equivalence relations, Partial ordering relations
- 2.2 Digraphs of relations, matrix representation and composition of relations.
- 2.3 Transitive closure and Warshall's Algorithm
- 2.3 Poset, Hasse diagram.
- 2.4 Lattices, Complemented lattice, Bounded lattice and Distributive lattice.

2.5 Boolean Functions : Introduction, Boolean variable, Boolean Function of degree n, Boolean identities, Definition of Boolean Algebra.

2.6 Representation of Boolean Functions : Minterm, Maxterm Disjunctive normal form, Conjunctive normal Form.

### Unit 3 : Counting Principles (7 Lectures)

- 3.1 Cardinality of Set : Cardinality of a finite set.
- 3.2 Basics of Counting : The Product Rule, The Sum Rule, The Inclusion Exclusion Principle.
- 3.3 The Pigeonhole Principle: Statement, the Generalized Pigeonhole Principle, Its Applications.
- 3.4 Generalized Permutations and Combinations : Permutation and
- 3.5 Combination with Repetitions, Permutations with Indistinguishable Objects

#### Unit 4: Recurrence Relations (9 Lectures)

- 4.1 Recurrence Relations: Introduction, Formation.
- 4.2 Linear Recurrence Relations with constant coefficients.
- 4.3 Homogeneous Solutions.
- 4.4 Particular Solutions.
- 4.5 Total Solutions.

#### TextBooks:

1. Discrete Mathematics and its applications, by Kenneth Rosen, Tata McGraw Hill, Seventh Edition.

Savitribai Phule Pune University

Discrete Mathematical Structures, by Kolman, Busby, Ross, Rehman, Prentice Hall,
Elements of Discrete Mathematics, by C. L. Liu, Tata McGraw Hill,

Unit 1: Text Book 1: Chapter 1: Sec. 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 Unit 2: Text Book 2: Chapter 6: Sec. 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 Unit 3: Text Book 1: Chapter 2: Sec. 2.1, Chapter 5: Sec.5.1, 5.2, 5.3 Unit 4: Text Book 3: Chapter 10: Sec. 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.5, 10.6

### **MTC 113: Mathematics Practical**

(Practical based on the applications of articles in MTC-111 and MTC - 112)

In Semester-I, we should conduct 3 written practical and 3 practical on maxima software for each paper MTC -111 and MTC -112.

### List of Practical

Practical 1 : Problems on Unit 1 and 2 (Written) from MTC-111.

Practical 2 : Problems on Unit 3 (Written) from MTC-111.

Practical 3 : Problems on Unit 4 (Written) from MTC-111.

Practical 4 :Introduction to maxima software for MTC-111.

Practical 5 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MTC-111using maxima software.

Practical 6 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MTC-111using maxima software.

Practical 7: Problems on Unit 1 and Unit 2(Written) from MTC-112.

Practical 8 : Problems on Unit 3 (Written) from MTC-112.

Practical 9 : Problems on Unit 4(Written) from MTC-112.

Practical 10 :Introduction to maxima software for MTC-112.

Practical 11 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MTC-112 using maxima software.

Practical 12 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MTC-112 using maxima software.

### Note:

1. The soft copy of practical on maxima software will be prepared and provided by the Board of Studies in mathematics.

2. Practical on maxima software can be performed on computer and android mobiles.

3. Android mobiles are allowed for practical examination on maxima software.

4.Practical examination of 25 marks on written problems, 10 marks for problems on maxima software (5 marks for writing syntax and 5 marks to perform the same on android mobile or computer).

### Semester -II

### MTC-121: Linear Algebra

Unit 1	: Vector Spaces	(10 lectures)
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	Vector spaces and subspaces Null spaces, column spaces and linear tranformations Linearly independent sets : Bases Coordinate systems The dimension of a vector space Rank	
Unit 2	2: Eigen values and Eigen vectors	(10 lectures)
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	Eigen values and Eigen vectors The characteristic equation Diagonalization Eigen vectors and Linear transformations	
Unit 3	Corthogonality and Symmetric Matrices	(10 lectures)
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	Inner product, length and orthogonality Orthogonal sets Orthogonal Projections Diagonalization of Symmetric Matrices Quadratic forms	
Unit 4	: The Geometry of vector spaces	(6lectures)
4.1	Affine combinations	

- 4.2 Affine independence
- Convex combinations 4.3

### Text Book :

### Linear Algebra and its Applications (5<sup>th</sup> Edition) David C Lay, Steven R. Lay, Judi J. MacDonaldPearson Publication, Fifth Edition, 2016.

Unit 1:Chapter 4: Sec.4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Unit 2: Chapter 5: Sec. 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 Unit 3: Chapter 6: Sec. 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, Chapter 7: 7.1,7.2 Unit 4: Chapter 8:Sec. 8.1, 8.2\*,8.3 \*From section 8.2 omit Barycentric coordinates.

### **Reference Books:**

1.

Matrix and Linear Algebra (aided with MATLAB), byKantiBhushanDatta, 2. Eastern Economic Edition, Fourth edition.

# MTC-122: Graph Theory

#### Unit 1: An Introduction to graph

- 1.1. Definitions, Basic terminologies and properties of graph, Graph models.
- Special types of graphs, basic terminologies, properties and examples of 1.2. directed graphs .Types of diagraphs.
- Some applications of special types of graph. 1.3.

others, Wiley Student Edition, Fourth edition.

Matrix representation and elementary results, Isomorphism of graphs. 1.4.

### **Unit 2: Connected graph**

- 2.1. Walk, trail, path, cycle, elementary properties of connectedness. Counting paths between vertices (by Warshall's algorithm).
- Cut edge (Bridge), Cut vertex, cut set, vertex connectivity, edge connectivity, and 2.2. Properties.
- Shortest path problem, Dijkstra's algorithm. 2.3.

### Unit 3. Euler and Hamilton path.

- 3.1. The Konigsberg bridge problem, Euler trail, path, circuit and tour, elementary properties and Fleury's algorithm.
- 3.2. Hamilton path, circuit, elementary properties and examples.
- Introduction of Travelling salesman problem, Chinese postman problem. 3.3.

# Unit 4. Trees

4.1. Definitions, basic terminologies, properties and applications of trees.

4.2. Weighted graph, definition and properties of spanning tree, shortest spanning tree, Kruskal's algorithm, Prim's algorithm.

4.3. M-ary tree, binary tree, definitions and properties, tree traversal: preorder, inorder, postorder, infix, prefix, postfix notations and examples.

### Text Book:

### Kenneth Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its applications, Tata McGraw Hill, Seventh Edition.

Unit 1: Chapter 8: Sec. 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Unit 2: Chapter 8: Sec. 8.4 Unit 3: Chapter 8: Sec. 8.5, 8.6 Unit 4: Chapter 9: Sec. 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4,9.5. (10 lectures)

(8 lectures)

(8 lectures)

# (10 lectures)

### Reference Books:

1. John Clark and Derek Holton, A first look at Graph theory, Allied Publishers.

2. NarsinghDeo, Graph Theory with applications to computer science and engineering, Prentice Hall.

3. C.L.Liu, Elements of Discrete Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill, Fourth edition

4. Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Pearson Education, second edition.

# **MTC 123: Mathematics Practical**

(Practical based on the applications of articles in MTC- 121 and MTC- 122)

In Semester- II, we should conduct 4 written practical and 2 practical on maxima software for each paper MTC-121 and MTC-122.

### List of Practical

Practical 1 : Problems on Unit 1 (Written) from MTC-121.

Practical 2 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MTC-121.

Practical 3 : Problems on Unit 3(Written) from MTC-121.

Practical 4 : Problems on Unit 4(Written) from MTC-121.

Practical 5 : Problems on unit 1 and unit 2 from MTC-121 using maxima software.

Practical 6 : Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MTC-121using maxima software.

Practical 7: Problems on Unit 1 (Written) from MTC-122.

Practical 8 : Problems on Unit 2 (Written) from MTC-122.

Practical 9 : Problems on Unit 3 (Written) from MTC-122.

Practical 10 : Problems on Unit 4 (Written) from MTC-122.

Practical 11 : Problems on unit 1 and Unit 2 from MTC-122 using maxima software.

Practical 12: Problems on Unit 3 and Unit 4 from MTC-122 using maxima software.

### Note:

1 The soft copy of practical on maxima software will be prepared and provided by the Board of Studies in mathematics.

2. Practical on maxima software can be performed on computer and android mobiles.

3. Android mobiles are allowed for practical examination on maxima software.

4.Practical examination 25 marks on written problems, 10 marks for problems on maxima software (5 marks for writing syntax and 5 marks to perform the same on android mobile or computer).

### Modalities For Conducting The Practical and The Practical Examination:

1) There will be one 3 hour practical session for each batch of 15 students per week.

2) The College will conduct the Practical Examination at least 15 days before the

commencement of the Main Theory Examination. The practical examination will consist of written examination of 20 marks, 10 marks on maxima software and oral examination of 05 marks.

3) There will be no external examiner, the practical exam will be of the duration of 3 hours.

4) The subject teacher will set a question paper based on pattern as follows:

Q1. Any 2 out of 4 each question of 5 marks on paper - I.

Q2. Any 2 out of 4 each question of 5 marks on paper - II.

**Q3.** (a) Any 1 out of 2 each question of 5 marks on maxima software from paper -1.

(b) Any 1 out of 2 each question of 5 marks on maxima software from paper – II.

5) Each student will maintain a journal to be provided by the college.

7) The internal 15 marks will be given on the basis of journal prepared by student and the cumulative performance of student at practical.

8) It is recommended that concept may be illustrated using computer software maxima and graphing calculators wherever possible.

9) Study tours may be arranged at places having important mathematical institutes or historical places.

### 10) **Special Instruction:**

- a) There should be well equipped mathematics practical laboratory of size 20 X 20 sq. fts containing at least 10 computers.
- b) Examiners should set separate question papers, solutions and scheme of marking for each batch and claim the remuneration as per rule.

c) Before starting each practical necessary introduction, basic

definitions, intuitive inspiring ideas and prerequisites must be discussed.



# **Savitribai Phule Pune University**

(Formerly University of Pune)

Faculty of Science & Technology

# F.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science) Statistics

Choice Based Credit System Syllabus To be implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020

Savitribai Phule Pune University

# Title of the Course: B. Sc. (Computer Science) STATISTICS

# **Preamble of the Syllabus:**

Statistics is a branch of science that can be applied practically inevery walk of life. Statistics deals with any decision making activity in which there is certain degree of uncertainty and Statistics helps in taking decisions in an objective and rational way. The student of Statistics can study it purely theoretically which is usually done in research activity or it can be studied as asystematic collection of tools and techniques to be applied in solving a problem inreal life.

In last 15 to 20 years, computers are playing very crucial role in the society. Theuse of computers has horizontally spread and also penetrated vertically in thesociety. It has become a part and parcel of common man. Thus there is a hugedemand for computer education.

The University of Pune had done a pioneering work in this area and Three yeardegree course B. Sc. (Computer Science) of University of Pune is very popular among the student community and I. T. Industry. Thiscourse covers various subjects which are required directly or indirectly forbecoming computer professional. Statistics is one such important subject which is required and is extensively used in a vast spectrum of computer based applications. Data Mining and Warehousing, Big Data Analytics, Theoretical ComputerScience,Reliability of a computer Program or Software, Machine Learning, ArtificialIntelligence, Pattern Recognition, Digital Image Processing, Embedded Systemsare just few applications to name where Statistics can be extensively used.

Introduction: The syllabus of Statistics for First Year of this course covers basicconcepts and terminology in Statistics and covers basic tools and methodsrequired for data analysis. The teachers teaching this syllabus and studentsshould give emphasis on understanding the concepts and ability to applystatistical tools and techniques and not on the theoretical discussion. It is expected that at the end of the course, a student should be well equipped tolearn and apply acquired techniques in computer based applications.

# **Structure of the Subject**

Structure of the subject and the pattern of examination and question papers are as specified below.

Semester	Paper code		Paper title	credits	I	Marks	
		Paper			CIA	ESE 1	Fotal
	CSST 111	Ι	Descriptive Statistics I	2	15	35	50
1	CSST 112	II	Methods of Applied Statistics	2	15	35	50
1	CSST113	III	Statistics Practical Paper I	1.5	15	35	50
	CSST121	Ι	Mathematical Statistics	2	15	35	50
2	CSST122	II	Continuous Probability Distributions and Testing of Hypothesis	2	15	35	50
	CSST123	III	Statistics Practical Paper II	1.5	15	35	50

Structure of F V B Sc	(Computer Science)Statistics
Structure of F. 1. D. Sc.	(Computer Science) statistics

# Semester I

# Paper-I

# **CSST 111 : Descriptive Statistics**

No. of Credits :2No. of lectures: 40

#### **TOPICS/CONTENTS:**

#### UNIT1: Data Condensation and Presentation of Data (9L)

- 1.1 Definition, importance, scope and limitations of statistics.
- 1.2 Data Condensation: Types of data (Primary and secondary), Attributes and variables, discrete and Continuous variables.
- 1.3 Graphical Representation: Histogram,Ogive Curves, Steam and leaf chart. [Note: Theory paper will contain only procedures. Problems to be included in practical]
- 1.4 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

#### **UNIT2: Descriptive Statistics(14L)**

- 2.1 Measures of central tendency:Concept of central tendency, requisites of good measures of central tendency.
- 2.2 Arithmetic mean: Definition, computation for ungrouped and grouped data, properties of arithmetic mean (without proof) combined mean, weighted mean, merits and demerits.
- 2.3 Median and Mode: Definition, formula for computation for ungrouped and grouped data, graphical method, merits and demerits. Empirical relation between mean, median and mode (without proof)
- 2.4 Partition Values: Quartiles, Box Plot.
- 2.5 Concept of dispersion, requisites of good measures of dispersion, absolute and relative measures of dispersion.
- 2.6 Measures of dispersion : Range and Quartile Deviation definition for ungrouped and grouped data and their coefficients, merits and demerits,

Variance and Standard deviation: definition for ungrouped and grouped data, coefficient of variation, combined variance & standard deviation, merits and demerits.

2.7 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

#### UNIT3: Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis

(10L)

- 3.1 Concept of Raw and central moments: Formulae for ungrouped and grouped data (only first four moments), relation between central and raw moments upto fourth order. (without proof)
- 3.2 Measures of Skewness: Types of skewness, Pearson's and Bowley's coefficient of skewness, Measure of skewness based on moments.
- 3.3 Measure of Kurtosis: Types of kurtosis, Measure of kurtosis based on moments.
- 3.4 Numerical problems related to real life situations

#### **UNIT4: Theory of Attributes**

(7L)

4.1 Attributes: Concept of a Likert scale, classification, notion of manifold classification,

dichotomy, class- frequency, order of a class, positive classfrequency, negative class

frequency, ultimate class frequency, relationship among different class frequencies (up to two

attributes), 4.2 Consistency of data upto 2 attributes.

4.3 Concepts of independence and association of two attributes.

4.4 Yule's coefficient of association (Q),  $-1 \le Q \le 1$ , interpretation.

# **References:**

- 1. Statistical Methods, George W. Snedecor, William G, Cochran, John Wiley &sons
- 2. Programmed Statistics, B.L. Agarwal, New Age International Publishers.
- 3. Modern Elementary Statistics, Freund J.E. 2005, PearsonPublication

4. Fundamentals of Applied Statistics(3rd Edition), Gupta and Kapoor, S.Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 1987.

5. An Introductory Statistics ,Kennedy and Gentle

6. Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. 1, Sixth Revised Edition, Goon, A. M., Gupta, M. K. and Dasgupta, B. (1983). The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta

# Semester I

# Paper-II

# **CSST 112 :Mathematical Statistics**

No. of Credits : 2

#### **TOPICS/CONTENTS:**

#### **UNIT 1: Theory of Probability**

1.1 Counting Principles, Permutation, and Combination.

1.2 Deterministic and non-determination models.

1.3 Random Experiment, Sample Spaces (Discrete and continuous)

1.4 Events: Types of events, Operations on events.

1.5 Probability - classical definition, probability models, axioms of probability, probability of an event.

1.6 Theorems of probability (without proof)

i)  $0 \le P(A) \le 1$  ii) P(A) + P(A') = 1 iii)  $P(\Phi) = 0$  iv)  $P(A) \le P(B)$  when  $A \subseteq B$ 

iv)  $P(A U B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ 

1.7 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

#### UNIT 2: Conditional Probability and Independence

2.1Concepts and definitions of conditional probability, multiplication theorem

 $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B|A)$ 

- 2.2 Bayes' theorem (without proof). True positive, false positive and sensitivity of test as application of Bayes' theorem.
- 2.3 Concept of Posterior probability, problems on posterior probability.
- 2.4 Concept and definition of independence of two events.
- 2.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

#### **UNIT 3: Random Variable**

- 3.1 Definition of random variable (r.v.), discrete and continuous random variable.
- 3.2 Definition of probability mass function (p.m.f.) of discrete r.v. and Probability density function of continuous r.v..
- 3.3 Cumulative distribution function (c.d.f.) of discrete and continuous r.v. and their

properties. (Characteristic properties only)

(10L)

(10L)

No. of lectures: 40

(8L)

- 3.4 Definition of expectation and variance of discrete and continuous r.v., theorem on expectation and variance (statement only).
- 3.4 Determination of median and mode using p.m.f. only.
- 3.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

#### **UNIT 4 : Standard Discrete Distributions**

#### (12L)

4.1Discrete Uniform Distribution: definition, mean, variance.

4.2 Binomial Distribution: definition, mean, variance, additive property, Bernoulli distribution as a particular case with n = 1.

4.3 Geometric Distribution (p.m.f  $p(x) = pq^x$ , x = 0, 1, 2.....): definition, mean, variance.

4.4 Poisson Distribution: definition, mean, variance, mode, additive property, limiting case of

#### **B**(n, p)

4.5 Illustration of real life situations.

4.6 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

\* Only statement of mean and variance, derivation is not expected.

### **References:**

- 1. A First course in Probability, Sheldon Ross.Pearson Education Inkc.
- 2. Statistical Methods (An IntroductoryText), Medhi J. 1992, New Age International.
- 3. Modern Elementary Statistics ,Freund J.E. 2005, Pearson Publication.
- 4. Probability, Statistics, Design of Experiments and Queuing Theory with Applications of Computer Science Trivedi K.S. 2001, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 5. Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics(3rd Edition), Gupta S. C. and Kapoor V. K.1987 S. Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
- 6. Mathematical Statistics (3rd Edition), Mukhopadhyay P. 2015, Books And Allied (P), Ltd.
- 7. Introduction to Discrete Probability and Probability Distributions, Kulkarni M.B., Ghatpande S.B. 2007, SIPF Academy
- 8. Programmed Statistics, B.L. Agarwal, New Age International Publishers.

# Semester I

# Paper-III

# **CSST113: Statistics Practical**

No. of Credits : 1.5

#### **TOPICS/CONTENTS**

Pre-requisites: Knowledge of the topics in theory papers I and II

Objectives: At the end of the course students are expected to be able

- i) To tabulate and make frequency distribution of the given data.
- ii) To use various graphical and diagrammatic techniques and interpret.
- iii) To compute various measures of central tendency, dispersion, Skewness and kurtosis.
- iv) To fit the Binomial and Poisson distributions.
- v) To compute the measures of attributes.
- vi) The process of collection of data, its condensation and representation for real life data.

#### vii) To study free statistical softwares and use them for data analysis in project.

Sr. No.	Title of the practical		
	Tabulation and construction of frequency distribution.		
1	(Use of at least two data sets more than 50 observations- each for constructing		
	frequency distribution)		
2	Diagrammatic and graphical representation using EXCEL and data interpretation.		
2	(problems on the basis of SET and NET examination in Paper I to be taken)		
3	Summary statistics for ungrouped data and comparison for consistency using		
5	EXCEL.		
	Summary statistics for grouped frequency distribution. (Problems based on central		
4	tendency, dispersion, measures of skewness: Karl Pearson's and Quartile measure to		
	be covered)		
5	Measure of Skewness and kurtosis based on moments.		
6	Fitting of Binomial distribution and computation of expected frequencies. (Use the		
0	observed and expected frequencies for the next semester $\chi^2$ test)		
7	Fitting of Poisson distribution and computation of expected frequencies. (Use the		
	observed and expected frequencies for the next semester $\chi^2$ for test.) (Give one data		
	set for fitting both Poisson and Binomial distributions.)		
8	Measure of attributes. (Two attributes only)		
9	Study of free statistical softwares and writing a report on it. (individual activity)		
10	Project(Part-I) -Data collection, its condensation and representation.		

#### Notes:

- 1) For project, a group of maximum 8 students be made.
- 2) All the students in a group are given equal marks for project.
- 3) Different data sets from primary or secondary sources may be collected.

# Semester II

# Paper-I

# **CSST 121 :Methods of Applied Statistics**

No. of Credits: 2 No. of lectures: 40

### **TOPICS/CONTENTS:**

#### UNIT 1:Correlation (For ungrouped data) (10L)

1.1Concept of bivariate data, scatter diagram, its interpretation, concept of correlation,

Positivecorrelation, negative correlation, zero correlation.

1.2 Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation, properties of correlation coefficient,

Interpretation of correlation coefficient, coefficient of determination with interpretation.

- 1.3 Spearman's rank correlation coefficient (formula with and without ties).
- 1.4Numerical problems

### UNIT 2: Regression (for ungrouped data) (12L)

2.1Concept of linear and nonlinear regression.

- 2.2 Illustrations, appropriate situations for regression and correlation
- 2.3 Linear regression :Fitting of both lines of regression using least square method.
- 2.4 Concept of regression coefficients.
- 2.5 Properties of regression coefficients :  $b_{xy} \cdot b_{yx} = r^2$ ,  $b_{xy} * b_{yx} \le 1$ ,  $b_{xy} = r (\sigma_x / \sigma_y)$

and  $b_{yx} = r (\sigma_y / \sigma_x)$ .

- 2.6 Nonlinear regression models: Second degree curve, exponential curves of the type Y=ab<sup>x</sup> and Y=ax<sup>b</sup>.
- 2.7 Numerical problems related to real life situations

#### UNIT3: Multiple Regression and Multiple, partial Correlation (For Trivariate Data)(10L)

- 3.1 Concept of multiple regressions, Yule's Notations.
- 3.2 Fitting of multiple regression planes.[Derivation of equation to the plane of regression of X<sub>1</sub>on X<sub>2</sub> and X<sub>3</sub> is expected. Remaining two equations to be written analogously.]
- 3.3 Concept of partial regression coefficients, interpretations.
- 3.4 Concept of multiple correlation: Definition of multiple correlation coefficientand its formula..

3.5 Concept of partial correlation. Definition of partial correlation coefficient and its formula.

#### **UNIT4: Time series**

- 4.1 Meaning and utility
- 4.2 Components of time series
- 4.3 Additive and multiplicative models
- 4.4 Methods of estimating trend : moving average method, least squares method and exponential smoothing method(with graph and interpretation).
- 4.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations

### **References:**

- Introduction to Linear Regression Analysis, Douglas C. Montgomery, Elizabeth A. Peck, G. Geoffrey Vining, Wiley
- 2 Time Series Methods, Brockwell and Davis, Springer, 2006.
- **3** Time Series Analysis,4th Edition, Box and Jenkin, Wiley, 2008.

**4** Fundamentals of Applied Statistics(3rd Edition), Gupta and Kapoor, S. Chand and Sons, New Delhi, 1987.

5 Fundamentals of Statistics, Vol. 1, Sixth Revised Edition, Goon, A. M., Gupta, M. K. and Dasgupta, B. (1983). The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta

# Semester II

# Paper-II

# **CSST122: Continuous Probability Distributions and Testing of Hypotheses**

No. of Credits : 2	No. of lectures: 40
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#### **TOPICS/CONTENTS:**

# UNIT 1:Standard Continuous Probability Distributions (10L)

1.1 Uniform Distribution: statement of p.d.f., mean, variance, nature ofprobability curve.Theorem (without proof): The distribution function of any continuous r.v. if it is invertible follows U(0, 1) distribution

1.2 Exponential Distribution: statement of p.d.f. of the form,  $f(x) = (1/\theta) e(-x/\theta)$ , mean,

variance, nature of probability curve, lack ofmemory property.(with proof)

1.3 Paratodistribution :Form of pdf  $f(x):\alpha/x^{(\alpha+1)}$ ;  $x \ge 1$ ,  $\alpha > 0$ . Mean, variance, symmetry, applications

1.3 Normal Distribution: statement of p.d.f., identification of parameters, nature of probability density curve, standard normal distribution, symmetry, distribution of aX+b, aX+bY+c where X and Y are independent normal variables, computations of probabilities using normal probability table, normal approximation to binomial and Poisson distribution, central limit theorem (statement only ), normal probability plot. Box Muller transformation 1.4 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

UNIT 2:Concepts and definitions related to testing of hypothesis (4L) 2.1 Concepts of population and sample.

2.2 Definitions: random sample from a probability distribution, parameter, statistic, standard error of estimator.

2.3 Concept of null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis (Research hypothesis), critical region, level of significance, type I and type II error, one sided and two sided tests, Test of hypothesis, p-value.

### **UNIT 3:Parametric Tests**

#### (20L)

1.1 Large Sample Tests

- 3.1.1Ho:  $\mu = \mu oVs$  H1:  $\mu \neq \mu o$ ,  $\mu < \mu o$ ,  $\mu > \mu o$  (One sided and two sided tests)
- 3.1.2 Ho:  $\mu 1 = \mu 2$  Vs H1:  $\mu 1 \neq \mu 2$ ,  $\mu 1 < \mu 2$ ,  $\mu 1 > \mu 2$  (One sided and two sidedtests)
- 3.1.3 Ho: P = Po Vs H1:  $P \neq Po$ , P < Po, P > Po (One sided and two sided tests)
- 3.1.4 Ho: P1 = P2 Vs H1: P1 $\neq$ P2, P1 < P2, P1 > P2 (One sided and two sidedtests)
  - 3.1.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

3.2 Test based on F- distribution

3.2.1 F-test for testing significance of equality of two population variances.

3.3 Tests based on t – distribution

3.3.1 Ho:  $\mu 1 = \mu 2$  Vs H1:  $\mu 1 \neq \mu 2$ ,  $\mu 1 < \mu 2$ ,  $\mu 1 > \mu 2$  (One sided and two sided tests) 3.3.2 Paired t-test.

3.4 Tests based on Chi square distribution

3.4.1 Chi-square test for goodness of fit

3.4.2 Test for independence of attributes (mxn and 2x2)

3.5 Numerical problems related to real life situations.

# UNIT 4 :Simulation (6L)

4.1 Introduction, concept of simulation, random numbers, pseudo random numbers,

Advantages, Disadvantages of Simulation. Applications

4.2 Methods of simulation, Linear congruential generator and simulation from Uniform,

Exponential and Normal Distribution.

# References

1. A First course in Probability, Sheldon Ross.Pearson Education Inc.

- 2. Statistical Methods (An IntroductoryText), Medhi J. 1992, New AgeInternational.
- 3. Modern Elementary Statistics ,Freund J.E. 2005, PearsonPublication.

4. Probability, Statistics, Design of Experiments and Queuing Theory with Applications of Computer Science, Trivedi K.S. 2001, Prentice Hallof India, NewDelhi.

5.Gupta S. C.andKapoor V. K.1987 Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics(3rd Edition)S. Chandand Sons,New Delhi.

- 6. Mukhopadhyay P. 2015, Mathematical Statistics (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition), Books And Allied (P), Ltd.
- 7. Simulation Modelling and Analysis Law A. M. and Kelton W.D. 2007, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 8. Programmed Statistics, B.L. Agarwal, New Age International Publishers.

9. Common Statistical Tests Kulkarni M.B., Ghatpande, S.B., Gore S.D. 1999 Satyajeet Prakashan,

# Semester II

# Paper-III

# **CSST 123: Statistics Practical**

No. of Credits : 1.5 Pre-requisites: Knowledge of the topics in theory papers I and II

Objectives: At the end of the course students are expected to be able

- i) To understand the relationship between two variables using scatter plot.
- ii) To compute coefficient of correlation, coefficient of regression.
- iii) To fit various regression models and to find best fit.
- iv) To fit the Normal distribution.
- v) To understand the trend in time series and how to remove it.
- vi) To apply inferential methods for real data sets.
- vii) To generate model sample from given distributions.
- viii) To understand the importance and functions of different statistical organizations in the development of nation.

Sr. No.	Title of the Practical			
1	Linear correlation and regression (use of scatter plot for explaining the linear			
1	relationship between two variables)			
2	Fitting of non-linear regression. (use of scatter plot for explaining the non-			
2	linear relationship between two variables)			
3	Fitting of normal distribution and computation of expected frequencies.			
4	Fitting of linear regression model (Simple and Multiple) and non-linear			
	regression models and finding the best fit byusing EXCEL.			
5	Modelsampling from continuous uniform, exponential and normal			
	distributions using Excel.			
6	Large sample tests.			
7	F test, t test, $\chi^2$ test using EXCEL (one problem each with equal and unequal			
	variance)( $\chi^2$ test – for goodness of fit-use fitted problems of Binomial,			
	Poisson and Normal distribution in previous practical problems)			
8	Time Series- Estimation of trend by using the method of moving averages			
9	Write a report on application of some statistical technique in the field of			
	computers.(individual activity)			
10	Project (Part-II) - Analysis of data collected in semester-I			

#### Notes:

- i) For project, a group of maximum 8 students be made.
- ii) All the students in a group are given equal marks for project.
- iii) Students will be asked to use Statistical methods which they have learnt and use of free statistical software for data analysis.