Classification of Enzymes by IUB System,

Enzymes are classified by complex system, suggested by commission on enzymes of International Union of Biochemistry (IUB). Based on their action they are divided into 6 major classes. Each enzyme is assigned a 4 Digit code number.

EC-1 Oxido-Reductases:

Enzymes in this class are involved in Oxidation-Reduction reactions. The enzymes under this category usually have *dehydrogenase* in their name others include *oxidases, hydroperoxidases, oxygenases, hydroxylase, and reductases*

Example: Alcohol Dehydrogenase.

EC-2 Transferases:

Enzymes that catalyze transfer of Functional groups are called as Transferases. They usually have 'trans' or 'transferase' in thier name, others include kinases, phosphorylase etc

Example: Phosphorylases

EC-3 Hydrolases:

These are enzymes that bring about hydrolysis of various compounds. They are digestive enzymes like trypsin, usually have the name of the substance they hydrolyse. Example: Lipase- lipid hydrolysis, pepsispeptide hydrolisis, urease- urea,

EC-4 Lyases:

Enzymes specialized in addition or removal of water.

Example: Aldolase, decarboxylases, fumarase

EC-5 Isomerases:

Enzymes involved in all isomerization reactions.

Example: Phosphotriose Isomerase.

EC-6 Ligases:

Enzymes catalyzing synthetic reactions where two molecules are joined together and ATP are used.

Example: Succinate thiokinase, synthatases, carboxylases, DNA ligase